PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE 8 ANNAS.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of interest Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,645—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, AUGUST 22, 1902. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

ROBERT PORTER & CO.'S
BULL DOG BOTTLING
OF
BASS'S ALE
AND
GUINNESS' STOUT
CAN BE HAD AT
All Wine Merchants, Bars, Restaurants, and Hotels.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY 2 P.M

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1902.
M.L. ARABIA	7,908	J. L. Parfitt	23rd Aug.
* PENINSULAR	5,294	T. Leigh	30th "
M.L. PERSIA	7,951	S. Barcham	6th Sept.
EGYPT	7,912	J. Chellew	13th "
M.L. CALEDONIA	7,598	M. H. Gordon	20th "
* PENINSULAR	5,294	T. Leigh	27th "
M. L. EGYPT	7,912	J. Chellew	4th Octr.
* ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	11th "
M. L. PENINSULAR	5,294	T. Leigh	18th "
* ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	25th "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between NOON, and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 9th August, 1902.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

DIRECT LINE.

"Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	V. Gutman	4,194	1st Oct. 1902.
IMPERATOR	C. Androvich.	4,119	1st Nov. 1902.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 660.	Rs. 357-8.	Rs. 165.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
a MIPPON	Klausberger	6500	25th Oct
a TRIESTE	E. Mecozzi	5095	25th Nov.
a b MARQUIS BACQUEHEM	T. Rassevitch	4400	17th Dec.

a Will call at Fiume.
b Will call at Karachi.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 413-8	Rs. 165.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN A YEAR.

1st Class Rs. 990. 2nd Class Rs. 536-4. Saloon Rs. 618-12.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE transhipp at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 8 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO KOBE, VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

"Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
TRIESTE	E. Mecozzi	5,095	23rd Aug.

STEAM TO SHANGHAI VIA SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
TIROL	Baron Bretfeld	3,771	23rd Aug., 1902

For further particulars, regarding Passages apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.
Samoon House, 32, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 19th August, 1902.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
YARRA	4,255	Charbonnel	28th Aug. 1902.
TONKIN	6,363	Schmitz	25th Sept. 1902.
OCEANIEN	4259	Remes	23rd Oct. 1902.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "ERNEST SIMONS," 5,707 tons, Captain Dupuy-Fromy, to sail on or about 17th September 1902.

For further particulars apply to

P. de BURE, Acting Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 32 pages of the "Full Mail Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription, Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on FRIDAY the 22nd August, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on TUESDAY, the 26th August, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, on THURSDAY, the 28th August, at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA AND LAMU.

S. S. "PALITANA" 2,998 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 23rd August.

FOR ADEN, MOMBASA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "BANCOORA," 2,917 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 3rd September.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CULNA," 2,026 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 23rd August.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 21st August, 1902.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Dco. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	15th Sept., 1902.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti.	15th Oct., 1902.
D. BALDUINO	4,580	O. Canepa	15th Nov., 1902.

And on the 15th of every subsequent month.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 605.	Rs. 357-8.	Rs. 165
Return tickets available 1 year	" 907-8	" 550	

No primage is collected on the above fares.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 800; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries, Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa and can break their journey at any port en route.

S.S. CAPRI, 5,000 Tons from BOMBAY to HONGKONG, calling at Singapore, on the 17th September, 1902. Excellent accommodation. Fares Moderate.

F. CROCCO, Agent.
Esplanade Road, No. 27.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning via Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

For Freight, Passage or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 15th May, 1902.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Vessel.	Tons.	Capt.	To sail
S. S. SAFARI	1,432	Tepe	1st Sept. 1902

Taking Passengers and Cargo for ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA, and all Eastern and Southern Ports of AFRICA up to CAPE TOWN.

For rates and particulars apply to

A. STRANDES,
Agent.
24, Medows Street, Bombay, 25th July, 1902.

LIST OF NEW ARTICLES
JUST RECEIVED BY
TREACHER & Co., Ld.

	Rs. a.
Pocket Folding Nail Scissors, in leather case	1 4
Cigar Cutters	1 4
Fancy Work Baskets, each from Rs. 4-10 to	13 0
The Regimental Bonsa Tool Instrument Case containing a very useful set of most ingenious and handy Tools, per set	9 0
Zephir Pendant for the Chatelaine in fashionable perfumes	0 6
Coronation Stationery Boxes, containing 1½ dozen each Note Paper and Envelopes, per box	0 12
The National Bazar Books, each	0 8

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, POONA.

All Prices in the Current Catalogue of Treacher & Co. are REDUCED 10 PER CENT. with the exception of Stores, already revised, Wines, Beers and Medicines.

MYSORE COFFEE.

THE FINEST THE WORLD PRODUCES.

GROWN ON OUR OWN ESTATES AND ROASTED, GROUND AND PACKED BY US AT OUR FACTORY, CHICKMAGLUR.

GUARANTEED PURE.

NO ADMIXTURES.

In ½, 1, 2 and 3 lb. lever top tins, per lb. Re. 1-0-0.

REDUCTION ON QUANTITIES.

SPECIAL TERMS to Messes, Clubs and the Trade,

¼ lb. sample tin sent post free to any address in India on receipt of six annas.

THE MYSORE PLANTERS SUPPLY CO.,

CHICKMAGLUR, KADUR DISTRICT,

MYSORE STATE.

FEVERS! MALARIA!! PLAGUE!!!

DR. CARL'S AGUE SPECIFIC.

(A TRUE VEGETABLE EXTRACT).

TRADE MARK.

A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE FOR MALARIA AND INFLUENZA, INTERMITTANT, JUNGLE and BILIOUS FEVERS.

Fevers of all types and at all stages, and a mild attack of Plague.

It is without its equal in persistent and protracted Agues, and a short trial proves its efficacy.

Dr. CARL'S AGUE SPECIFIC promises all important advantages over other fabrique, that it may be administered when the Fever is on or off and it does not produce any unpleasant symptoms which frequently follow the use of other Fever Remedies.

AS A PREVENTIVE

People residing in such places where there is an epidemic of Plague or in low damp places or frequenting the malarious districts are strongly advised to keep a bottle of Dr. CARL'S AGUE SPECIFIC with them and take a small dose of it every day before going out on duty.

It is quite harmless and can be given to a child with safety.

This remedy has been tried over 25 years with success.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

PROPRIETORS:

M. T. MADON & CO., CHEMISTS,

24, 26, ABDOOL REHMAN STREET, BOMBAY.

Can be had at Messrs. KEMP & Co., TREACHER & Co., PHILLIPS & Co., and all other respectable Chemists.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & CO., LD.,

ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, SHIP AND MILLWRIGHTS.

MAKERS OF HALF PRESS AND FINISHERS FOR HALF PRESSED BALES.

CONTRACTORS for the supply of Machinery and erection of Buildings for Cotton, Flour, Sugar, Oil Mills, Distilleries, &c.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Cast and Wrought Iron Work of the heaviest description, Cotton Presses and Hydraulic Machinery, Mill and Rope Gearing, Ornamental Castings, Road Rollers, &c. Wheels made by Machinery up to 4 feet diameter. Gutters made for Wheel-cutting Machines.

To enable us to meet all Engineering and Trade requirements we have added to our Works some of the largest and heaviest Tools in India, and greatly extended our Foundry.

We are also prepared to furnish designs for Bridges, Girders, Roofs, &c., and to manufacture and erect same in any part of India.

SOLE AGENTS—

For Downie's "Eucalyptus," Boiler Fluid, for preventing and removing Scale in Boilers.

Messrs. The ANTI-FRICTION ALLOY'S, Ld., Genuine Atlas Metal of W. E. Watson's BRAND.

" Bird's Sight-feed Lubricators.

The PATENT COMBINATION DRILL:—Composed of a Speed Drill, a Crank Brace, and a Ratchet Brace, for Metal Boring, whose parts can be used as Separate Tools, or in Combination and Drills holes from 1-8in. diameter to 1 1-2in. diameter and drills in position impossible with ordinary tools.

Also Plate, Bar, and Angle Iron of the largest sections. Diamond, Silver and other Steel and Engineer's Requisites of all descriptions kept in stock.

FOR SALE.—Boilers, Engines, Contractors' Pumps and all Boiler Fittings, Pipes, Cocks, &c.

WORKS AND OFFICES, DEFENCES WORKS, MAZAGON,
AND BRANCH FACTORY, CARNAC IRON WORKS,
NEAR CARNAC BRIDGE.

J. W. HEPWORTH, SECRETARY AND MANAGER.
D. LONGWORTH, ASSISTANT SECRETARY AND MANAGER.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of Debility, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9 and 4/6. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A NEW medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual cure of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., &c., practice' Observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and all sufferer should fail to avail himself of its contents. Post free six penny stamps (English or Colonial), from THE NEVILL JOHNSON VETARZO REMEDIES Co., 9, Bond Street, Claremont Square, London, N.C., or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

Agents for India:—TREACHER AND CO., LTD. BOMBAY, BYCULLA, and POONA.

These medicines were formerly advertised and sold under the titles of PERUZZO'S Brain and Nerve Food, ZAKOUBA, The Extraordinary Blood Medicine. See Special Notice wrapped round every bottle of these preparations.

PREMIER BICYCLES are Free-Wheels.
PREMIER BICYCLES are Superfine Machines in every respect.
PREMIER BICYCLES are superbly finished mounts.
PREMIER BICYCLES are manufactured under the most skilled labour obtainable.
PREMIER BICYCLES have nothing but the finest quality of material.
PREMIER BICYCLES details receive as much care in their construction as the most important.
PREMIER BICYCLES embody the most recent improvements.
PREMIER BICYCLES are not Premier in name only but Premier in reputation.
PREMIER BICYCLES wearing powers and ease in running are unsurpassed.
PREMIER BICYCLES are offered with the belief that they covers everything likely to be desired by any class of rider.
PREMIER BICYCLES have been manufactured for His Majesty King Edward VII.
PREMIER BICYCLES are the lightest, strongest, most durable and most elegant Machines on the Market.

An extensive list of Patrons and Patronesses embracing, Royalty, the Nobility, Gentry, etc., will be mailed free to any address on application.

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA:

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

A GOOD CIGAR

SHOULD POSSESS

FRAGRANT BOUQUET

AND

DELIGHTFUL FLAVOUR.

IT SHOULD DRAW

EASILY

AND

BE MADE OF THE BEST TOBACCO.

BAHADURS

POSSESS ALL THESE QUALITIES.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,

MADRAS.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS.

NOTES.

INDIAN LAND REVENUE,

FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY

BY

TODARMAR,

Price Re. 1. Postage half-anna.

To be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Bombay.

A BOON TO WEAK MEN:

ON originally scientific means of Curing Nervous Debility and its Various Physical and Nervous Ailments without the use of Nauseous Stomach Medicines.

The Method is easy and sure, and a Permanent and Effective Cure is Ensured in all Cases of Weakness in Young and Old Men.

A fully Explanatory Pamphlet sent sealed free of charge.—Address C. MURRAY, 7, Southampton Row, High Holborn, London, England.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts, Apply to the Manager "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on TUESDAY, the 26th instant, being a PUBLIC HOLIDAY under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

NOTICE.

THE RETURN LEAGUE FOOTBALL MATCH between the ROYAL ARTILLERY and OXFORD LIGHT INFANTRY, Colaba, will be PLAYED on the Cooperage at 5-20 P. M., on SATURDAY, 23rd instant, instead of Friday, 22nd instant.

ADMISSION TO RESERVED ENCLOSURE RE. 1.

C. M. ROSS,
Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.

THE CONTRACT of the STATE GINNING MILL at BHOPAL, will be AUCTIONED in the Nilabut Mal Court at 2 P. M., on the 8th September, 1902. It will be leased for three years subject to Rules in force in this State from the beginning of 1310 Fasli including the month of *Ions* which will be reckoned financially as a separate month.

Special terms, agreed upon at that time, will be offered to applicant who promises to open Spinning and Weaving Mill.

SAYAD KUDRAT ALI,
Naib Wazir Mal, Bhopal State.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for WASHING TROOP BEDDING, SALOON LINEN, &c., by CONTRACT at BOMBAY for one year will be received by the DIRECTOR of the ROYAL INDIAN MARINE at his Office in the R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, up to 1 P. M., Gun Fire, of MONDAY, the 8th September, 1902, after which hour no Tender will be received.

For further particulars see Bombay "Government Gazette" of the 14th August, 1902, or apply to the undersigned.

W. CHANDLER,
for Director of the Royal Indian Marine.
R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, 14th August, 1902.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

WE, the UNDERSIGNED, REQUEST that THOSE GUESTS who have RECEIVED INVITATIONS from Government to the BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CAMP, at DELHI, WILL KINDLY COMMUNICATE WITH US, REGARDING THEIR REQUIREMENTS, as we have undertaken the Management of the Camp.

Very early intimation should be given.

McCAUSLAND & CO.

1, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

S. S. SULTAN FROM ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA AND LAMOO.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S. S. "SULTAN" from OPORTO, CHINDE, KILWA, ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA, and LAMOO are hereby informed of the arrival of the steamer and requested to take immediate delivery of their goods at the N. Shed, Prince's Dock.

The Steamer having met with an accident to her machinery the Cargo from all ports will have to contribute to the general average and Consignees of Cargo are requested to present their BILLS of LADING accompanied by their Home Invoices or Custom Passes approved by the Custom authorities to sign the average bond and to pay a deposit of 5 per cent on the value of their goods to the undersigned before obtaining delivery order.

The Company's Surveyor Capt. F. E. HARDCASTLE will attend every morning to survey damages and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the goods are removed from the Landing Sheds.

All claims must be presented before the sailing of the Steamer otherwise none will be entertained.

A. STRANDES,
Agent, German East Africa Line,
24, Medow Street.

NEW BOOKS ON ENGINEERING, &c.

	Rs.	A.
Hutton's Practical Engineer's Handbook, 1902	11	4
Work Manager's Handbook, 1901	9	8
Sheldon's Dynamo Electric Machinery, 1902	9	12
Sloane's Standard Electrical Dictionary	5	4
Saunder's Watch Maker's Handbook	6	4
Reid's Practical Sanitation, 1901	4	0
Wood's Practical Sanitary Engineering, 1902	6	8
Wallis—Tayler's Refrigerating and Ice-Making Machinery, 1901	5	4
Pettigrew's Manual of Locomotive Engineering, 1901	14	5
Askinson's Perfumes and their Preparation, 1900	9	8
Rosel's Extra First Class Engineers' Guidebook	9	12
Engineer's, Handbook 17 Ed and Supplement, 1901 Rs 11-4 and key to the same	6	0
Hurst's Valves and Valve Gearing, 1900	5	0

LAW.

Rawlin's and Macnaughton on Companies, 1901	25	8
Arnould's Marine Insurance, 2 Vols, 1901	45	8
Carver's Carriage, by Sea, 1900	26	0
Best on Evidence, 1902	18	0
Abbott on Merchant Ships and Seamen, 1901	43	0
Tristram and Coote's Probate Practice, 1900	23	8
Foa's Land Lord and Tenant, 1901	18	12
Marsden's Digest of Shipping Cases, 1899	21	8
Grants' Law of Banking, 1897	21	8
Porter's Insurance: Fire, Life, Accident, 1898	15	8
Poley's Law Affecting Solicitors, 1897	15	4
Ratanlal's Unreported Cases of the Bombay H. C, 1894-98, 1901	10	0
Ratanlal's Ind. Penal Code, 1902	5	0
Ghose on Mortgage in India, 1902	16	0
Mayne's Indian Criminal Law, 1902	21	0
Do. Hindu Law and Usage, 1901	20	0
Russell's Indian Companies Act, 1898	17	0
Maclean's Guide to Bombay 1902	5	0
Indian Cookery, by an Anglo-Indian	2	0
Woodrow's Gardening in India, Illustrated	6	0
Calculation Tables of Daily pay from 2 ans: to Rs, 1000	1	8

LATEST NOVELS at 9 ANS. PER SHILLING,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF VARIOUS KINDS TO SELECT FROM.

SUNDER PANDURANG, BOOKSELLER,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 268 of 1902.

1. VIRJEE BHOJA, 2 RANCHORDAS BHOJA, and 3 JAMNADAS BHOJA, all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, residing at Khalasi Chackla without the Fort of Bombay, and carrying on business in Co-partnership in the name of RAGHOWJEE BHOJA ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

ABDUL KADAR ISMAILJEE MOTIWALLA of Bombay Bora Mahomedan inhabitant, residing at Nagdevi Street without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendant.

WHEREAS by a decree made herein on the 28th day of June, 1902, it was ordered interalia that the Defendant should pay to the Plaintiffs the sum of Rs. 176/-6-8 and costs of this Suit when taxed and further interest at 6 per cent per annum upon the amount of Judgment.

And whereas by a warrant of attachment of moveable property dated the 23rd July, 1902, certain moveable property consisting of Household Furniture, Tables, Chairs, Sofas, Boxes, one Horse, one Brougham, one Dog-cart, &c., &c., was attached.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that on the days and at the hours and place undermentioned the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of a warrant of sale of moveable property, dated the 1st day of August, 1902, put up FOR SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION.

1. The said household furniture, &c., on the premises Nos. 182 to 186, Nagdevi Street without the Fort, on FRIDAY, the 22nd day of August, 1902 at 2-30 P.M.

2. The said Horse and Carriages on SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, at Messrs. Mehrji Johnston & Co., Auctioneers, No. 4 Meadow, Street Fort, at 12 noon

Each lot to be paid for at the time of Sale.

For further information application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.—Dated this 5th day of August, 1902.

HURKISONDAS NURROTUMDAS,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Messrs. MULLA & MULLA,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—

Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35,

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this column)

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee, Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

THE "CROWN" PUZZLE given free. It is hard to work the puzzle but it is harder to find Organs equal to the "CROWN" Best for Church. Best for Homes. The Puzzle will be found an interesting and amusing problem.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

COMPOUND NERVINE ELIXIR, one of the most powerful Tonics made, contains Coca, Damiana, Phosphorous and Nux Vomica. A sure remedy for Nervous Debility. Price Rs. 2-8 Per. bottle.—THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

GLORIA CYCLES.—Model Riche fitted with ball bearing free wheel and Bowden Triumph pattern brake, a perfect mount. The GLORIA, with latest improvements, price Rs. 220 nett cash. Accessories included. Sole Agents, W. H. THORNS & Co., Tamarind Lane.

CORONATION PORTRAITS.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS, Art Photographers of Bombay, have resumed taking CORONATION PORTRAITS at the special Reduced Prices i.e. 3 Copies, Cabinet Size Portraits, for Rs. 10, during this month.

WANTED,—A young and respectable European or Eurasian TO TRAVEL for a firm of Brewers, Should have experience, Apply with copies of testimonials and salary required to Box No, 515 A., Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette".

WANTED a CANVASSER, for a large Steam Printing Press, to obtain orders on Commission. Apply Box "No. 452 A.," Advt. Dept. "Bombay Gazette."

GENTS REAL HAND SEWN BOOTS AND SHOES.—At Sale Prices, Black or Tan Oxford Lace Shoes Rs. 4-6 only. Black or Tan Balmoral Lace Boots Rs. 5-14. Last few days of our Monsoon Clearance Sale now on.—SUTOR & Co. (Retail Agents) THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road, Bombay.

SORRY no clearance sale to advertise, as the demand is so very great for our SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES, that in spite of our importation by thousands, we have often to telegraph to the Factory for supply.

LAWSON TAIT BEDS with Patents Diagonal wire Mattress at Rs. 20 each. The lowest price ever offered to the Public. Stock kept by M. BRESLAUER & Co. Bombay.

FOR WHATEVER you need in the Household or for furnishing Camp or Bungalow please apply to WM. S. MARRIOTT, The Tent Factory, Cawnpore.

MANGALORE TILES of Morgan & Son Alvares & Co, and other Manufacturers. For rates, &c., Apply STEFFENAUER & Co., 5, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE DURBAR AT DELHI.—Large Stocks of TENTS on hand ready for immediate delivery. Address the PROPRIETOR, THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Bombay.

MEMORIALS and STATUARY in MARBLE and GRANITE, MURAL TABLETS in GRANITE, MARBLE and BRASS, executed or imported by E. DUCKETT & Co., East Street, Poona, India. PAY WHEN SATISFIED.

GINNING ROLLERS & WASHERS.—Orders now being Registered for Machine or Hand-made ROLLER WASHERS and ROLLERS. A large stock of the latter on hand ready for immediate delivery.—SUTOR & Co., Agents, THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road, Bombay.

FRESH PREPARED CRUSHED HORSE-FOOD.—Unrivalled in the Bazar for price and quality at Rs. 4-12, per cwt, and Rs. 24 per Candy. A trial order will prove the recommendation. Free delivery in Bombay.—GRAM AND BARLEY STORES, Lower Colaba.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL, 150° sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., at Rs. 5-3-2 per case at Bombay; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 5-7-2 per case, at Bandora.

DEVOE'S IMPERIAL BRILLIANT OIL.—A FINE GRADE OF AMERICAN KEROSINE OIL, 125° Fire Test. Imported by STANDARD OIL CO. of New York. Sold at their Godowns, Mazagaon, at Rs. 3-8-2 per case.

BACK NUMBERS of THE BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail Edition, when available, are supplied on the following terms :—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas; 8 to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas; 30 days to one year, 1 rupee; and of older dates than one year from Rs. 2 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one rupee.

TO BE LET.—For the season, "ROZARIO COTTAGE," a furnished BUNGALOW, at Matheran. Also TO LET, a BUNGALOW at Malabar Hill, Narayen Daboiker Road, near the Sea-Shore. Apply to JAMSETJEE FERBHAI MOOKHI CASSAMBHAI, Manager, H. H. the AGA KHAN'S Estate, Oomer Kari, Jail Road, Bombay.

ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, Electro Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in Verse after the manner of various other great Poets by W. E. H. PRICE Rs 1, Postage Annas 4. To be had at this Office.

SWIFT CYCLES.—The Spring Frame Swift is a most luxurious model, suitable for all who suffer from the effects of Vibration. A wide range of patterns to choose from.—W. H. THORNS & Co., Tamarind Lane, Bombay

W M. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business, 1 Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross, London

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East. Contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Route to India and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 9 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and all Booksellers and Railway Termini

OLIVER & CO., WATCHMAKERS and MUSICAL DEPOT, High Class Standard Watches in all sizes, for Ladies and Gentlemen. Received English Watches by J. W. BENSON, LONDON, in open faced Silver cases, Rs. 50 and Rs. 60, Celestinas, Phoenix, Intona, Arizona, and Hand Organs of every description Repaired and Tuned. Musical boxes of every description Thoroughly Overhauled, Repaired, Cleaned and Old Barrels and Old Combs renewed. Pianos, Orchestrons, Harmoniums put in Thorough repair and Overhauled by Experienced and Trained workmen. All Repairs are well and carefully examined before despatching Repairs undertaken in all Branches A Trained Watchmaker has been specially engaged from P. Orr and Sons, Ld., Watchmakers, MADRAS. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY edition.—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay, Rs. 15 to the Mofussil.

MANGE and other forms of SKIN DISEASES in Horses, Dogs, and Cattle can easily be cured by a few applications of the original G's Liniment. Prepared only by THOMSON & TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY. Neatly printed. Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WE will SEND STAMPED PICTURE POST-CARDS to any one who sends us gratis old Postage Stamps of every value for a CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL. Our best thanks in anticipation. DOCTOR EMILIE Von MAYERSBACH, PRESIDENT, VOLOSCA, ISTRIA, AUSTRIA.

THE NEW IMPROVED CELESTINA with 5 rolls, Rs. 75, Phoenix with a Dozen tunes Rs. 60 to 120 and other Hand Organs. Rates and lists of tunes can be had from STEFFENAUER and Co., 5, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice. Engraving, Copper-plate Printing and Lithographing orders. For rates apply to SUPERINTENDENT, "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

WANTED all to knew that cure in most obstinate cases of HYDROCELE and ASTHMA guaranteed. Instant relief, perfect and final cure, absolutely harmless. No inconvenience. Thousands cured. Bottle Rs. 5 for each. DIABETES and ACIDITY speedily cured whatever be the state. Never return. Numerous stubborn cases successfully cured. Rs. 3 per bottle of each. PILES of all forms disappear magically by the use of our wonderful specific. No salve nor purge. Prompt and positive. Bottle Rs. 5. FEMALES' FRIEND—a safe and reliable remedy for all female disorders and irregularities. Rs. 3. Correspondence held strictly private. Testimonials and Lists sent free. Apply to P. G. MUKHERJI, MANAGER, V. C. Works Rampahat, Bengal.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 23, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF SILVERWARE, CASHMERE SHAWLS, CARPETS, SILK GOODS, &c.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, by order of the Executor of the last will and testament of Hakimjee Devisha Shamlaj;—

A lot of solid silverware consisting of silver thalis, lotas, buks, bowls, trays, pan and gulab-dan, wine glasses, water goblets, Cashmere gold embroidered and plain shawls, carpets, wall pardas, farash, silk coats, saris, gown, two large blackwood double door almyras, &c., &c.

The above is now on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public, Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods :—

At 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong-built victoria in very good order.
1 handsome strong four-seated open carriage.
1 powerful chestnut Arab, 14-1 hands, 5 years, goes well in saddle and harness.
1 handsome strong brown waler, 16 hands, 6 years, quiet in saddle and harness.
1 handsome strong cabriolet.
1 B. W. G., 16 hands, 6 years, lately purchased from the Body-Guard, First class saddle horse.

AUCTION SALE OF 20 CASES TOILET SOAP.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY the 23rd instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT, & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of the concerned, and on account and at the risk of the concerned :—

Ex s. s. Arabia.

H. D. C. 2 1-30—20 cases, each containing 2 gross tins toilet soap.

AUCTION SALE OF 9 CASES RED MULLS.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, by order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Hirarai Chundulal :—

M S
337 3885-93—6 cases, 575 pieces, 42" by 20yds, red mulls.
M
363 3908-10—3 Do, 313 Do 37" by 20 yds red mulls.

On SUNDAY, the 24th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at 3rd Victoria Cross Road, Byculla, valuable and handsome teak and blackwood carved and plain household furniture, rich glass and crockery-ware, plateware, handsome table ornaments, China and Japanese flower vases, hanging and table lamps, Persian and Brussels carpets, glass door almirahs, marble top tables, aviary with birds, one hand and foot sewing machine, one iron safe, real old china Jars, etc., etc., the property of F. C. BENNETT, Esqr. and others.

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF OILY COTTON.

On MONDAY, the 1st proximo, at 3 p.m., Messrs BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction at Sopari Baug Road, Parel, by order of the New Islam Mills and on account and at the risk of Vora Tyebally Jafferjee :—

A lot of Oily Cotton.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On a day to be fixed hereafter Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Sandhurst House, Apollo Bunder, valuable and handsome teak and blackwood French polished household furniture, glass and crockery-ware, handsome table ornaments, carpets, table lamps, one handsome mahogany square pianoforte by Schiedmayer, and Soehne in first rate order, cloth and gown press, cooking utensils, &c., the property of J. D. F. ENGLE, Esq, Government Inspector of Factories.

The above will be on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 22nd August, 1902.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR GENTLEMEN REQUIRING DRAWING-ROOM DECORATIONS.

AUCTION SALE OF JAPANESE CURIOSITIES.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 22nd inst. at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Esplanade Road Fort, next to the offices of Messrs. Ralli Brothers, a large consignment of remaining Japanese curiosities of various description, consisting of rich silk, gold and silver embroidered folding screens, bed and table covers and silk pictures, large size flower Jars, Jardinieres with flower pots, umbrella stands, flower holders, tea, dinner and breakfast services, garden stands, hanging baskets, wall plates, porcelain figures, life size china figures with gongs, silk fans, Japanese tables, teapoys and bookstands, large and small panels of views, photo and scrap albums, bronze wares, famous Satsuma teapots, sugar pots, finger bowls, wallplates, lacquered ware, bamboo furniture, reed and bead chicks, etc,

The property is on view.

SALE OF 125 CASKS PORTLAND, 55 CASKS BELGIUM CEMENT,

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 22nd instant, at 2-30 p.m. Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Prince's Dock, Warehouse No. 8, on account of the concerned—

Ex s.s. Springwell.

H & D C1—1-125 125 casks "Hand" brand Portland cement.

Ex s.s. Argenfels.

H D C2—251-308—55 casks "Three Lions" brand Belgium cement.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 25th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs, CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white, and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

Household furniture, such as sofas, chairs easy chairs, almira, meatsafe, cupboards, book stand, cots, dressing and wash-hand tables, organ with 7 spare rollers, Milner's iron safe.

By order of the receivers of the estate of the late Bai Soonabai Sorabji Mehta :—

1 large size Panorama with about 20 pictures magnifying glasses duplex Burners and Screens.

AT 2 P. M.

Several lady's and gent's bicycles by different makers.
1 second-hand office shigram.
1 light victoria.
1 strong built vis-a-vis,
1 double-seated brougham.
2 saddles, 1 double bridle and stable kit.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On WEDNESDAY, the 27th inst, at 1 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD & Co.are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Mazagon belowthe, Hancock Bridge in the Compound of Hamilton Hotel the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plateware, glassware and crockery. Mahogany Cottage piano, windproof lamps, table ornaments, pictures, etc., the property of A. CAMPBELL, Esq.

The property will be on view 5 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 22nd August, 1902.

INDISPENSABLE TO TOURISTS.

TWENTY-SEVENTH EDITION.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY AND BOMBAY DIRECTORY FOR 1902

WITH AN ACCURATE MAP.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED at the *BOMBAY GAZETTE* Office,

PRICE: Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE for the year 1902 contains much new and valuable information brought up to date, and details the progress made in the City during recent years. The high position accorded to Macleans Guide as an indispensable book of reference is fully maintained in this edition. The Guide therefore contains an increased amount of local and general information corrected to the latest date, and the whole contents of the work are carefully revised and augmented

THE BOMBAY DIRECTORY

has been enlarged, verified, and carefully revised up to the day of going to Press. Special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

A BRIEF HISTORY OF THE PLAGUE EPIDEMIC.

In addition to recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay, the Guide gives a comprehensive account of the progress of the plague and the measures taken to combat it and also of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the public buildings of the City including those which have been completed during the year.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICES,
No. 18, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB BLEND WHISKY.

A FIRST CLASS BRAND AT A MODERATE PRICE.

WELL WORTH A TRIAL.

Of all dealers, or of

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co. LD., BOMBAY.

SOLE AGENTS.

INSURANCES.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities only, and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Secretary.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£562,5000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£562,500

HEAD OFFICE:

40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS

The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KURRACHEE, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JOHN K. MOIR,
Manager.

2, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£500,000
RESERVE FUND	£4,00,000

HEAD OFFICE :

47 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Kandy,
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Tuticorin,
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Zanzibar,
Kurrachee,	Rangoon,	Newera Elya,	Mombassa,
Steamer Point,	Aden.		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected,

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL.

Subscribed	Rs.	15,00,000
Reserve Fund	,,	14,00,000
Uncalled Capital	,,	5,00,000

DIRECTORS.

Mr. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
,, R. J. D. THOMAS, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
,, N. A. McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
,, D. KING.

CREDITS granted on approved Security and every description of banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and 2 per cent. per annum allowed on the daily balance.

FIXED DEPOSITS received as the following rates of interest :—

	Per cent. Per Annum
For 2 Years	5½
,, 1 Year	5 ,,
,, 6 Months	4½ ,,
,, 3 Months	4 ,,

The Bank offers special facilities and advice to Constituents as to the purchase and sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debenture Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.

The Bank is prepared to guarantee the principle and interest of Debentures on its approved list on terms which may be ascertained on application. Absentee shareholders' and investors' interests carefully watched.

Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange through London Branch.

For further information apply to—

D. KING,
Agent.

Calcutta, 15th July 1901.

LONDON BRANCH :
19, GREAT WINCHESTER STREET E. C.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yens	24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	,,	18,000,000
RESERVE FUND	,,	8,710,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii, Peking, Shanghai, Hongkong, Tientsin and Newchang.

BANKERS—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK The UNION BANK of LONDON, AND THE PARR'S BANK, LIMITED

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

Y. MATSUO,
Manager.

Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKS.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—CALCUTTA.

BRANCHES :

Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London, Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi.

Sub-Branches :—Murree—(April to October) and Amritsar
Sub-Agencies :—Bangalore and Mooltan City.

CAPITAL PAID-UP, Rs. 43,90,800.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ARE AS UNDER-

STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—

9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ ,, ,,

Special rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS which can be learnt on application.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

Cheques, Bills, Hoondees on Stations where the Bank has Branches and Currency Notes of any circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above interest Deposit Accounts

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened with sums of Rs. 50, and upwards and receive 2 PER CENT. per annum upon the daily balances.

Apply for Rules to Head Office or Branches,

W. MOIR,
Manager.

Bombay, 1st February 1902

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$	100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$	100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$	47,50,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$	100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG :

J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.,

LONDON COMMITTEE.

SIR THOS. JACKSON, Bart., Chairman.
WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq. (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq. (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K.C.M.G. } Managers.
A. M. TOWNSEND, }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES'

LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI

AMOY,	HANKOW,	PENANG.
BANGKOK,	HIOGO,	RANGOON,
BATAVIA,	ILOILO,	SAIGON,
BOMBAY,	LYONS,	SANFRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	MANILA,	SINGAPORE,
COLOMBO,	NAGASAKI,	SOURABAYA,
FOOCHOW,	NEW YORK,	TIENTSIN,
HAMBURG,	PEKING,	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

W. ADAMS ORAM,
Acting Agent.

7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

GRAND COMPETITION OF PRIZES.

PRIZE TICKETS will be given FREE of cost only UP TO THE 13TH SEPTEMBER 1902.

AND

THE DRAWING WILL BE HELD ON THE 20TH SEPTEMBER 1902.

ON THE

"ART UNION PRINCIPLE"

In the presence of Representatives of Local Newspapers and the Public to witness the bonafide Drawing.

Rs. 5,000

DIVIDED INTO 523 CASH PRIZES.

The manufacturers to further extend the popularity of their specialities in this country will give Rs. 5,000 in cash to the purchasers

— OF A —

SILVER OPEN-FACE LADY'S KEY-LESS WRIST WATCH, 12 LINED,

— OR A —

GENT'S SILVER WATCH, 16 LINED, RS. 8.

WITH 5 YEAR'S GUARANTEE.

These watches are well-finished and WELL WORTH THE MONEY

— OR AN —

ENGLISH-MADE TIME-PIECE, Rs. 3-8.

We highly recommend this time-piece. There is nothing in the market to compare with this world-renowned Time-piece, for which we give a guarantee for 5 years, that during this period we undertake to put right, free of charge, all minor accidents, including, breakage of mainsprings, and oil etc.,

— OR A —

Set of DIAMOND JUBILEE STUDS with Solitaires, Rs. 2-8.

— OR A —

DIAMOND JUBILEE CHAIN, Rs. 2.

PRIZES.			Rs.
1 Prize	... ...	...	1,000
1 Do.	—	...	500
1 Do.	... ...	...	250
2 Prizes	Rs. 125 each	...	250
2 Do.	,, 100 ,,	...	200
2 Do.	,, 75 ,,	...	150
4 Do.	,, 50 ,,	...	200
10 Do.	,, 25 ,,	...	250
100 Do.	,, 10 ,,	...	1,000
200 Do.	,, 5 ,,	...	1,000
200 Do.	,, 1 ,,	...	200
523 Pr

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, AUGUST 20.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills for Rs. 30,00,000

Rs. 28'80 were allotted to Calcutta.
" nil. do. Bombay.
" 1'20 do. Madras.

Rs. 30'00 at 1s. 3 15-16d.
Minimum rate received 2 per cent. Average rate 15'94.
Total amount sold during week 30,30,000
Amount to be allotted next week.... 30,00,000
Extra allotments ..... Nil

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	95 3-16	=	— 5-16
3 per cent. Rentes	100 3-4	=	unchanged
2½ per cent. Sterling Loan	108	=	— 1-2
3½ per cent. Govt. Securities	105	=	plus 1-16
Bar Silver in London	24 1-4	=	unchanged
Do. 2 months hence	24 3-16	=	,,
Do. New York	52 1-2	=	plus 1-8
Exchange on London at Paris	25'19 1-2	=	unchanged
Berlin Cheques on London	20'48 1-2	=	,,
Exchange on New York	4'87 1-8	=	plus 1-8
Discount, Bank of England, 3 per cent.		=	unchanged
Short London Bills	2 3-4	=	,,
Indian Bank Bills	3 1-8	=	,,
3 months Fine Trade Bills	2 7-8	=	,,
6 Do. Do.	3 3-8	=	,,
Interest, day to day loans	2 1-4	=	— 1-4
Do. 7 day market loans	2 1-2	=	unchanged

Para Rubber, 3s. 2d.

Rapeseed Yellow Cawnpore 39. Aug-Sept. Sellers. Tone dull.

Rapeseed Brown 39 1-4. Aug.-Sept. Sellers. Tone dull.

Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats quiet. Manchester firm. Total sales 7,000. Spot 4 29-32 plus 1-32. Sold on speculation and for export 5.0. Imports 5,000. Arrivals closed quiet.

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
4'19	4'21	4'25	4'22
plus 3	plus 3	plus 3	plus 2
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.
4'21	4'20	4'20	4'20
plus 3	plus 2	plus 3	plus 3

Apl.-May. 4'20 plus 3

In New York—

Receipts at the Port	4,000 Bales.
,, Last year	2,500 ,,
Exports to Great Britain	2,000 ,,
,, Continent	Nil
Mid-Uplands	9
Futures, month of Dec.	7'88 plus 2
Do. do. March	7'87 plus 2
Coffee	5 1-2 plus 1-4

In New Orleans—

Spot	8 7-16 plus 1-8
Futures month of Sept.	7'95 plus 4
Do. Dec.	7'69 plus 4

Closing tone steady.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Wednesday, 20th August 1902 :—

Cotton	455 bales.
Wheat	6,441 cwts.
Linseed	1,733 ,,
Rapeseed	4,159 ,,
Gingelly seed	200 ,,
Poppyseed	720 ,,
Groundnuts	200 ,,
Castorseed	159 ,,
Rice	4,004 ,,
Myrabollams	862 ,,
Cottonseed	6,123 ,,

Imports of Treasure—

Rs. 1,54,620 Silver Bullion ex s. s. Arabia from London.

Rs. 14,43,295 Silver Bullion ex s. s. Valetta from Shanghai.

PRICES OF BULLION.

	Rs.	
English Bar Gold	24-2	
China Leaf	23-14	Nominal.
Pekin Bar Gold old	23-11	
Do New	23-9	
Austrian Ber Gold 100 touch	23-10	
Bombay ,,	23-12	
English Sovereigns	15-2	
Dragons	15-0	
Silver 17 Besterres	65-0	
Do 17 1-2	65-1	

BOMBAY, THURSDAY, AUGUST 21.

EXCHANGE—Tone steady.

Bank T. T.			1s 3 29-32d
Bank Demand			1s 3 15-16d
Credit Bills	3 Months Sight	D. A.	1s 4 3-32d
Do	6 do	do	1s 4 7-32d
French France	3 do	do	169
Marks	3 do	do	137 1-4
Hongkong	30 Days	Sight	129 1 2
Shanghai	30 ,,	,,	171
Japan	30 ,,	,,	151

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent.—Tone quieter.

Cash	97 14
1st Settlement	97-13
2nd do.	97-10

Money Market—Tone very easy.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since	6th February	3 per cent.
Bank of Bombay do.	17th July	3 do.
Bank of Bengal do.	10th July	3 do.
Bank of Madras do.	30th June	4 do.

SEEDS,—

Linseed.—Tone quiet.

Ready	... ...	10	2
Forward			

Rapeseed.—Tone quiet.

Brown Cawnpore	Ready	6	6
Do.	Forward		
Yellow Cawnpore	Ready	6	12
do.	Forward		
Yellow Guzerat,	Ready	7	4
do.	Forward		

Poppyseed.—Tone steady

Ready			
Forward	... ...	8	10 0

Castorseed—Tone steady.

Ready		
Forward	... ...	27

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone ..... easier
Estimated sales 7,000
Total imports 1,000

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
4'20	4'20	4'24	4'21
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-March	March-Apr.
4'20	4'19	4'19	4'19
		Apl.-May 4 19	

COTTON.—With the very satisfactory reports of rain received to-day from all districts, including Guzerat Kathiawar and Surat, the market has eased off, and there is scarcely any business reported at Colaba. The Sutta market is quiet with several sellers of new crops while buyers are holding off. Quotations of new cotton are about as follows :—

	Fine	F G.	Good	Delivery
Bengala H.-G. (Ry. terms)	172	165	...	Jany
Belati, (M.-G.) (Ry. terms)	178	...	...	Dec Jany
Sind-Punjab (M.-G)	179	..	...	do.
Bengals (M.-G.)	188	183	...	do.
Khandeish, (M.G.)	...	180	...	do.
Dhamangaum, Poolgaum.	193	...	...	do.
Akola M.-G.				
Khamgaum do.	Fair staple	187	...	do.
Ksranja do.				
Broach M. S,	... ...	...	213	March.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, AUG. 20.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm.
Surats quiet.
Good Bhownugger 3 31-32.
The Manchester Market has been firm.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	95 3-16
3 per cent Rentes	100 3-4
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	108
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Papers	65
Bar Silver	24 1-4

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

THE following report is dated Liverpool, 31st July :—During the past week we have again had a series of fairly active markets, the weather reports from day to day being the dominating factor. There have been some complaints during the last days, of excessive rains in Texas. Many cables report serious damage by overflows, notably of the Brazos river. People say that this damage cannot possibly exceed 75,000 bales. And what is that in the state capable of producing 4 1-2 millions. On the other hand everywhere except in the river bottoms, the crop must have benefitted enormously by the plentiful rainfall and this improvement will in all probability, more than offset the slight damage by floods. The one great fact which stands out before everything else is that now we need have one fear of damage by drought during August. The ground must have absorbed sufficient moisture to make the plant quite independent of further precipitation. The only danger that still threatenes the crop, and might possibly stand in the way of a record yield, is killing frost in October. But it is rather too early to talk of that yet. So excellent are the prospects at present, that we fancy we shall not be very far wrong if we say, that the next Agricultural Bureau Report (to be published on 4th prox.) may be expected to report a condition of about 90, a figure and reached or exceeded three times during the past 15 years, for the month of July, viz, in 1898, 1894 and 1887, all the three crops in question being bumper ones, considering the acreage planted. There is no doubt that the recent decline has only made matters worse in Manchester. The prices of cloths and yarns are declining, and India and China are holding aloof hoping to buy on a cheaper basis later on. Moreover, the approaching August Bank Holiday and the Coronation Holiday tend to restrict business all round. So far our bearish policy has been completely justified, and unless there should be any marked change for the worse in crop accounts, we look for a further decline. It must not be forgotten that the time is rapidly approaching when the market will be daily fed by the heavy sales of importers against city purchases; and we think that as sales of Sep.-Oct. give them time to the end of October, they will choose that position for hedging purposes as being at the highest premium of all the new crop months. As regards the near months, it is a matter of satisfaction to us that we pointed out to all our friends in our letter of 17th inst. that there was the danger of the Premium disappearing as every body had carefully provided against a possible squeeze. Since then, the difference between old and new crops has narrowed by 6 to 7 points. We should not be surprised to see the premium up to Oct.-Nov. gradually dwindle away altogether. In fact as long as these premiums for near months exist, an improvement is scarcely possible. The spinner will naturally only buy from hand to mouth, and economise as much as possible, so as to be able to buy where spot cotton has come down to the level of distant futures and the very early receipts of the new crop will encourage him in this action. We therefore repeat what we said last week, to wait with buying until we are at a lower price, and when spot cotton is on a level with distant position.

Options, S. O single 8 and double 16 points.
,, J-F. ,, 11 ,, ,, 22 ,,

NOTES FROM GOA.

OUR Panjim correspondent writing on Tuesday says:—The Portuguese gunboat Zaire has just arrived with a number of military officers, sent out and placed at the disposal of his Excellency, General Galhardo, our esteemed Governor-General, who has already posted them to various important localities where they were much needed. The military organization and distribution made by his Excellency has commanded general approval. The gunboat Zaire immediately proceeds to Bombay for coals and may be looked for there on the 21st instant, as per telegram despatched to the Consul-General, Visconte Wrem.—Many young men who had applied to the Governor for free passages to Lisbon have been refused, as the accomodation on board is scanty. These young men were proceeding to Lisbon to prosecute their studies and to obtain final diplomas, and thereafter appointments in Portuguese colonies.

At last, we are having nice showers of rain, which were much needed, and the general idea is that we shall this year have an excellent monsoon and a good supply of rain necessary for the winter crops.

The Patriarch Archbishop of Goa has greatly improved in his health since his arrival in Lisbon, and it is not unlikely that he will return to India next year as Cardinal-Patriarch of the East Indies. Now that his Grace is near the Ministers and the King, it is to be hoped he will secure liberal grants for the Padroado churches in Salsette, Bassein and elsewhere, where schools are a crying want, and where the Jesuits cannot under the last concordat go and establish schools and colleges, without being requisitioned by the diocesan authorities, subject to the Portuguese Padroado. English schools are much required here for the rising generation, and we believe the Bishop of Damaun has already brought it to the notice of the authorities. There is a necessity for a small grant for the repairs of some of the churches in Salsette and Bassein which are in a dilapidated and unsatisfactory condition. English and Marathi languages are now much appreciated by the people and preferred to Portuguese, which is of no earthly benefit to them.

The Assistant Commissioner to the Revenue Board is seriously ill. He is a native of this country and has creditably held the post for the last twenty years.

Our new Attorney-General of the Crown, Senhor Botelho, has brought his work up to date, and is an active and shrewd officer.

Many of the officers, clerks, and engine drivers, etc. of the W. I. Portuguese Railway, have received notices that their services will not be required owing to the transfer of the working of the line, and the harbour work to the Southern Mahratta Railway for a term of five years. It is said Mr. Pemberton, the Agent of this Railway, who is also British Consul, retires, Who will be his successor is not yet positively known, but it is generally believed that the consulate will be conferred on a well-known European gentleman, who enjoys the confidence of the British Government.

Messrs. Playfair and Wolke have established themselves at Marmagao as general commission and shipping agents, and deserve encouragement and support generally.

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 22.

Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon. Mr. Justice TYABJEE.

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

1109—Little and Co—Hajee Hassam Hajee Juckeria vs Noorbai and others—Mulla and M and Thakurdas and Co. Part heard.

1156—Mirza and M—Dhaklibai widow vs Peerbhoy Cassum—Thakurdas and Co.

1197—Mirza and M—Atmaram Damodhur Chabagry vs Peerbhoy Cassum—Thakurdas and Co.

1217—Mirza and M—Fookchund Cullianchund vs Tarachund Somchund Shaand another.

1220—Bhaishunker K and G—Hajee Esmail Hassum vs Hajee Ahmed Hassam—Smetham B and N.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice CHANDAVARKAR.

For Judgment.

158-01—Mulla and M—Abdul Kayum Sharafalli vs Abdu Hussain Assoofali and others—Mathuchai J and M and Smetham B and N.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

For recording evidence.

42-00—Dikshit and D—Khunderao Pandurang vs Dadabhoy Narayen Dhunu and others—Smetham D and N.

Long Causes.

699-01—Bicknell M and M—Merwanjee Jamshedjee Hakim vs Moroba Ramchunder Poy and others—In person.

671-00—Bhaishanker K and G—Vallabhdas Sewjee and another vs Ludhoo Premjee and others—Madhowjee V.

160-02—Jehangir and S—Rustomjee Dadabhoy Karanjia and others vs Kallibai widow and others—Bicknell M and M.

168-02—In person a pauper—Merwanjee Edaljee Bamboat vs Framjee Edaljee Bamboat—In person.

634-'1—Crawford B and Co—Chabildas Lalloobhai and others vs Peer Mahomed Hajee Abdool Rehman—Little and Co.

534-97—Little and Co—Nathibai and another vs Premchund Hurchund—Tyabjee D and Co.

635-01—In person—Vazir Rajinna Jenjit vs Gangabai—In person

697-01—Ardeshir H and D—N C Macleod vs Hajee Sidick Hajee Hassum—In person.

171-02—In person—Mahomed Gangjee and another vs Gulabchand Megha and others—Framjee and D.

190-02—Jehangir and D—Ebrahim Maneck Virji vs Karrimbhoy Cassumbhoy—Little and Co.

209-02—Sorabjee and J—John Joseph de Silva vs John Joseph de Silva and others—Mathubhai J and H.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice STARLING.

For Further Evidence

275-98—Tyabjee D and Co—Chandulal Lukhla vs Sidruthrai Soojanrai—Malvi H and M.

Suits for hearing and final Disposal.

Long Causes.

842-01—Thakoredas and Co—Hajee Saboo Seedick vs Hajee Mahomed Hajee Ismail—Unwalla and P—Part heard

21-01—Manekbhai J and H—The Sonderdas S and W Co vs Farrondas Canjee—Smetham B and N.

Commercial Cause.

147-02—Smetham B and N—Harilal Juggonnath vs Merwanjee Nusserwanjee—Wadia and O.

349-02—Payne G S and M—Volkart Brothers vs Nensey Kheraj and Co—Little and Co.

For further directions and costs on Commissioner's Report.

160-01—Cragie L and O—The Actidg Advocate General vs Janardhen Balkrishna—Cragie L and O.

Short Causes.

304-02—Dekshit and D—Dholsajee Hakamchand and another vs Bai Manibai widow and others—M R Vakil.

602-98—Tyabjee D and Co—Bhagoobai widoR and another vs Ramjee Govindjee—Unwalla and P.

POONA RACES.

SIXTH EXTRA MEETING, SATURDAY, AUGUST 23.

HANDICAP.

The August Stakes—6 furlongs—Beadsman 10 2, Veneda 9 6, Swiftsure 9 2, Planet 9 0, Fitzeros 8 13, Firecracker 8 11, Orion 8 9, Rascommon 8 7, Fando 8 1, Drydale 8 0, Stoddart 7 13, Victory 7 12, Cressel 7 11, and Response 7 8.

The Midsummer Plate—7 furlongs—Chungis 9 3, Sandow 8 10, Falcer II 8 5, Scobell 8 4, Dispute 7 13, Leader 7 12, Shalbosh 7 11, The Robber 7 10, Wild Fox 7 9, Musketeer 7 8, Active 7 6, King Arthur 7 4, Khadeni 7 3, and Murtus 6 12. Top weight not accepting weights to be raised 7 lbs.

The New Comers' Handicap—Half a mile—Artist 9 3, Wild Fox 9 3, Malabar 8 5, Mosquma 8 2, Skirmisher 7 12, John Roberts 7 12, Arkadia 7 11, Young Sherali 7 10, Hamilton 7 8, Burgo Master 7 8, Sheerky 7 1, and Alouzo 6 12.

The Utility Stakes—6 furlongs—La Bainffe 9 3, Dame Ethel 8 8, Namuna 8 4, Mirage 8 2, Falcer II 7 4, Tom 6 12.

Top weight not accepting weights to be raised 3 lbs.

The Flying Stakes—5 furlongs—Olga 8 3, La France 8 7, Bandicoot 8 4, Annie Laurie 8 2, Eva 7 12 : Bellevue 6 7.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W I T C.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATH and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2, for sixlines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line, CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATHS.

SLANE—August 8, at Rajpur (Dehra Doon), of convulsions, Aubrey Thomas Sherd (Bobs), the dearly beloved son of Mr and Mrs A H Slane, aged 2 years and 10 months.

SLANE—August 9, at Rajpur (Dehra Doon), teething, Kathleen Agnes Sherd (Boosh), the only daughter of Mr and Mrs A H Slane, aged 1 year and 5 days.

GREETHAM—August 11, at Umballa Citv, Lizzie Greetham, nurse, late St George's Hospital, Bombay, aged 29 years.

KEMP'S

EXTRACT OF CHICKEN

A PURE EXTRACT of the Flesh and bones carefully freed from fat. Dissolved in hot water, it forms a most nutritious food for invalids or infants. It is frequently, in emergencies like Sea-sickness, the only food patients can bear.

KEEPS IN PERFECTLY GOOD CONDITION MANY WEEKS AFTER BEING OPENED.

Per Jar, Re. 1-12.

KEMP & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises 5h. 43m. Sun sets. 6h. 23m. High water 0-49m., 1-7a. Low water, 6-32m., 7-5a.

P. and O. s. s. Caledonia, with English Mails of 8th inst. due to arrive at daylight.

Bombay Woollen Manufacturing Company, Tamarind Lane, 4 p. m.

CRICKET.

Bombay Gymkhana vs. Poona Gymkhana.

FOOTBALL.

R. A. vs. Oxfordshire L. I.

POONA SCHOOLS ATHLETIC SPORTS.—K. P. French man of the Society's High School, Poona, won the one mile-bicycle race organised under the auspices of Poona Schools Athletic Association by eight yards. The time taken was two minutes and twenty seconds. The contest was a keen one.

INSANE FIREMAN.—On Wednesday it was reported to the Bombay Police that a fireman named Mahomed Issac, aged sixteen, employed on board the steamship Australia, had been seized with insanity. He was taken charge of by the police and taken to the lunatic cells at Mazagon, where he has been kept under medical observation.

ALLEGED CRIMINAL ASSAULT.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, committed one Bhagoo Deoji, a Hindu cook in the employ of a gentleman at Bellasis Road to take his trial at the next Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court on a charge of assaulting a girl named Guji, aged fourteen, on the 1st instant.

MIDNIGHT RANGER.—At the Mazagon Police Court yesterday, Mahadoo Luximon, a Hindu, against whom there was a record of three previous convictions, was charged before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, with loitering in a street. About midnight on Tuesday last the accused was found by the police loitering about Mahim. When questioned by the police he could not satisfactorily account for his being in a lane at an unusual hour, and was arrested. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BAND STAND.—By kind permission of Captain C. G. Carnegy and the Officers, the Band of the 21st Bombay Infantry will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine Band Master commencing at 5-45, p.m. (weather parmitting.)

March	Coronation	George
Overture	Masaniello	Auber
Barcarolle	Sur Le Lido	Thony
Selection	The Mikado	Sullivan
Valse	Les Baisers	Marots
Polka	Trotzkopfchen	Faust

AN OLD OFFENDER.—Before Mr J. W. S. Dracup, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday Inspector Williamson charged Hurri Rama an old offender with stealing a dhotur, belonging to one Bulwant Narayen, who lives at Chandanwady. The accused was seen removing the dhotur from the complainants' verandah, where it had been left hanging on a rope to dry, on Wednesday. He was chased, arrested, and given in police custody. The accused admitted five previous convictions. He was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment. The prisoner was ordered to report his place of residence for a period of three years after his release from jail.

CONCEALMENT OF BIRTH.—On Wednesday morning, the Bombay Police in consequence of certain information received, searched the room occupied by a Hindo widow, named Venoo, at Parel Tank Road, and on digging up the floor found the dead body of a full-timed new born male child. The body was taken to the Police Surgeon who certified that the child was born alive and died shortly after from asphyxia. There were no marks of violence on the child. The Coroner was informed and that officer in consultation with the Police Surgeon ordered the body to be disposed of. The woman Venoo has been detained at the Motlibai Hospital and on her discharge, will be charged before the Presidency Magistrate with concealing the birth of the child under section 318 of the Indian Penal Code.

TRIBUNAL OF APPEAL.

THE Tribunal of Appeal, appointed under the City of Bombay Improvement Act, and consisting o Mr. C. W. Chitty (president), and Messrs. H. R. Kemball and W. Chambers, assembled yesterday at the Bombay Small Causes Court to hear an appeal filed by Mr. Munchersha S. Narielvala, against the award made by the Collector. Mr. Kirkpatrick, barrister-at-law, instructed by Messrs Edgelow, Gulabchund and Wadia, solicitors, appeared for the claimant, while Mr. Lowndes, barrister-at-law, instructed by Messrs. Crawford Brown & Co., solicitors, represented the Government and the Trust. It appeared that the Trust acquired the property belonging to the claimant at Candanwadi and valued it at Rs. 14,107. This valuation was enhanced by the special collector to Rs. 17,571 excluding the Fazendari rent which came to Rs. 1,375. The claimant disputed this award and filed the appeal, claiming Rs. 30,000 for his property. He alleged that his gross rent amounted to Rs. 200 per mensem and further insisted that he should be allowed twenty or twenty-five years purchase of the net rents. The Court after hearing the evidence and arguments of the counsel held that the claimant had failed to show that he should be allowed more than sixteen and half year's purchase—the valuation made by the Collector, or to show satisfactorily that the gross rental was more than Rs. 168 per month. The appeal was accordingly dismissed with costs.

THE DELHI DURBAR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE".

SIR—The list of gentlemen invited to the Delhi Durbar has not given general satisfaction for some fair names have been included, while there are some persons highly connected and respected, who have been forgotton and should have had preference. But, what strikes me as most singular is that our Governor, who has the reputation of being a just and impartial man, should have entirely ignored a large community and not found one member a least as a representative of the Portuguese and East Indian communities. It is a very large community, and the omission is looked upon as a slur. It is not yet late and I therefore earnestly hope that our Governor will lose no time in doing justice to that community. To extend the list might not be desirable, but surelyit is one thing to extend and another to supply a serious omission and to rectify matters, the eby avoid giving offence to a highly respectable and deserving community. King Edward VII, is paying marked attentions to Marquis de Soveral, the Portuguese Ambassador in London, whereas in Bombay the Portuguese Community is so say the least is ignored, and this in the face of the cordial relations existing between the Portuguese and British Governments, I, &c. its hope his will meet the eyes of our Governor as well as of the British Viceroy. It is not enough to invite the Portuguese Consul who is an official, and consul have been invited all nations but why not a representative of the Portuguese Community.

A PORTUGUESE.

Bombay 21st August.

BOMBAY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

A MEETING of the members was held at the Society's rooms on Tuesday, Colonel H. D. Olivier, R. E., F.Z.S., presiding.

NEW MEMBERS.

The election of the following new members was announced :—

Major J. R. Loudon (Singapore); Mr. G. E. S. Cubitt (Maymyo, Upper Burma); Mr. H.S. Cameron (Ceylon); Mr. W. O. Alcock, I.C.S. (Pratij, Ahmedabad); and Mr. Francis W. Gore (Sibsagar, Assam).

CONTRIBUTIONS.

Mr. W. S. Millard, the Honorary Secretary, acknowledged receipt of the following contributions since the last meeting :—

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MUSEUM.

Contributoins.	Description.	Contributor.
2 Green Tree Vipers alive	Trimeresurus gramineus	Mr P Gerhardt
1 Green Tree Snake alive	Dryophis mycterizans	Do
1 Cobra alive	Naia tripudians	Major W E Jennings, I M S
1 Cobra juv alive	Do	Do
1 Lizard	Hemidactylus maculatus	Col C Grant
1 Skin of Tree Pipit	Anthus trivialis	Major K Buchanan
1 Skin of Himalayan Rubi Throat	Calliope pectoralis	Do
2 Skins of yellow-headed Wagtail	Motacilla citreola	Do
2 Eggs of Hodgson's Short-wing	Hodgsonius phoenicuroides	Do
1 Masked Booby	Sula cyanops	Mrs Raikes
1 Snake	Dipsas forstenii	Mr C B O Fischer
2 Nests and 1 egg of the Nilgiri Thrush	Orocincla nilgirriensis	Major R M Betham
1 Nest and 2 eggs of the Rufous-bellied Short-wing	Brachypteryx rufiventris	Do
2 Nests and 2 eggs of the Nilgiri Laughing Thrush	Trochalopterum cachinnans	Do
1 Nest and 3 eggs of the Nilgiri Blackbird	Merula simillima	Do
1 Nest of Indian Golden Oriole	Oriolus kundoo	Do
1 Nest of Southern Indian Black Bulbul	Hypsipetes ganeesa	Do
1 Nest of Indian Edible Nest Swiftlet	Collocalia fuciphaga	Do
1 Nest of Southern Red-whiskered Bulbul	Otocompsa fuscicandata	Do
1 Nest of Rufous-backed Shrike	Lanius erythronotus	Do
3 Eggs of Nilgiri Blue Flycatcher	Stoparola albicaudata	Do
2 Eggs of Black and Orange Flycatcher	Ochromela nigrirufa	Do
4 Eggs of Southern red Bush-chat	Pratincola atrata	Do
2 Eggs of Black-headed Myna	Temenuchus pagodarum	Do
1 Snake alive juv	Gongylophis conicus	Lieut H N Sitwell, R A
2 Skins of the Southern Tree-Pie	Dendrocitta leucogastra	Mr T B D Bell
1 Skin of the Large Rufous Babbler	Argya subrufa	Do
1 Skin of the Spotted Babbler	Pellorneum ruficeps	Do
1 Skin of the Malatar Woodshrike	Tephrodornis cylivicola	Do
1 Skin of the Indian Pitta	Pitta brachyura	Do
2 Skins of the White-bellied Blue Flycatcher	Cyornis pallidipes	Do
1 Skin of the Heart-spotted Woodpecker	Hemicercus canente	Do
1 Skin of the small Ceylon Burbet	Xantholoema rubricapilla	Do
2 Skins of the Indian Three-toed Kingfisher	Ceyx tridactyla	Do
2 Skins of the Vei-vefsorated Blue Nuthatch	Sitta frontalis	Do
2 Skins of the Nilgiri Flower-pecker	Dicæum concolor	Do
2 Skins of Tickell's Flower-pecker	Dicæum erythrorhynchus	Do
2 Skins of the Indian Plaintive Cuckoo	Cocomantis passerinus	Do
2 Skins of the Malatar Tree-pie	Horpactes fasciatus	Do
4 Cobras, juv alive	Naia tripudians	Mr C Meyer
2 Snakes juv alive		
1 Egg of the Wood-cock	Trop. piscator	Do
1 Egg of the Chukor	Scolopax rusticula	Mr C Donald
1 Egg of the Shikra	Cacca vis chukar	Do
1 Pair Sambhur horns from Kumaon, N W P	Astur Badius	Do
1 Nest and 2 eggs of the Black-crowned Yuhina	Cervus unicolor	Capt M B Roberts
2 Eggs of the Brown-eared Bulbul	Yuhina nigrimentam	Mr S L Whymper
1 Skin of the Blue-beared Bee-eater	Hemixus flavala	Do
1 Skin of the Striated Laughing Thrush	Nyctiornis athertoni	Do
1 Skin of the Maroon Oriole	Graumatoptila striata	Do
1 Skin of the Orange-bellied Chloropsis,	Oriolus traillii	Do
1 Skin of the Himalayan Nutcracker	Chloropsis hardwickii	Do
3 Skins of the Plumbeous Redstart	Nucifraga hemispila	General W Olpherts, I S C
1 Skin of the Indian White-eye	Rhyacornis fuliginosus	Do
1 Skin of the Eastern Meadow Bunting	Zosterops palpebrosa	Do
1 Snake	Emberiza strachey	Do
1 Indian Mole Rats	Lycodon aulicus	Mr T J Spooner
2 Snake jule	Nesocia bengalensis	Mr C Hudson, I C S
1 Gerganey or Blue winged Teal	Gongylophis conicus	Sir R Westmacott, K C B
	Querquedula circia	Mr D Hardinge

Minor contributions from Mr. J. Stiven and Mr. James Martin.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE LIBRARY.

Catalogue of the Lizards in the British Museum (Natural History), Vols. I. II and III	Presented by the Trustees of the British Museum
Catalogue of the Snakes in the British Museum (Natural History), Vols. I. II and III	Do.

PAPERS READ.

The following papers were then read and discussed :—1, Description of a new Sea-Snake from Rangoon, by G. A. Boulenger, F.R.S. 2. Some Remarks on Mesquitoes, by E. H. Aitken. 3. Bird's Nesting at Ootacamund, by Major R. M. Betham. 4. Weevils in Mangoes, by E. H. Aitken. 5. Curious Modifications of Structure in a Water Grasshopper, by L. C. H Young.

A vote of thanks was passed to the authors of all the papers and the meeting then terminated.

ANOTHER APPLICATION OF MR. B. G. TILAK REFUSED.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Crowe, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Batty gave judgment at the High Court yesterday on another application made on behalf of Mr. Bal Gangadhar Tilak by his pleader, the Hon. Mr. D. A. Khare. He applied to their Lordships for revision of the order passed by the Hon. Mr. H. F. Aston as District Judge of Poona, in miscellaneous application No. 112 of 1901, on the 4th April last, directing an enquiry under section 476 of the Criminal Procedure Code against the applicant under sections 211, 192, 196, 471 and 191 of the Indian Penal Code, The applicant in his petition to the High Court stated that the enquiry before the District Judge into the matter of the adoption of one Jayannath, in connection with which the action under section 476 of the Criminal Procedure Code had been taken was entirely unauthorised and incomplete. The issue being irrelevant, the applicant had from time to time objected to its trial and refused to produce any evidence upon the point, and to cross-examine any witnesses upon it. The documents, in respect of which the said action had been taken were never put in the District Court by the applicant or on his behalf; but, on the contrary, they were put in and used by Tai Maharaj in the revocation proceedings. As the record of these proceedings had come to the notice of the High Court in appeal 38 of 1902, together with the action taken by the District Judge under section 476 of the Criminal Procedure Code, the applicant prayed their Lordships to set aside the action of the District Judge, and his order under that section. It was urged by the applicant that the action of the District Judge was "ultra vires" and without jurisdiction; that as the question of the adoption was the subject of a civil suit in the first-class subordinate judge's court at Poona, the question ought not to have been decided by the District Judge. The learned judge, it was further urged, had not proper and full materials before him; and his action was calculated to prejudice the suit filed in the court of the first-class subordinate judge. The findings of the District Judge were based on exparte statements and were improper.

Their Lordships, looking at all the circumstances under which the application was made, refused it.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

ANOTHER APPLICATION OF MR. B. G. TILAK REFUSED.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Crowe, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Batty gave judgment at the High Court yesterday on another application made on behalf of Mr. Bal Gangadhar Tilak by his pleader, the Hon. Mr. D. A. Khare. He applied to their Lordships for revision of the order passed by the Hon. Mr. H. F. Aston as District Judge of Poona, in miscellaneous application No. 112 of 1901, on the 4th April last, directing an enquiry under section 476 of the Criminal Procedure Code against the applicant under sections 211, 192, 196, 471 and 191 of the Indian Penal Code, The applicant in his petition to the High Court stated that the enquiry before the District Judge into the matter of the adoption of one Jayannath, in connection with which the action under section 476 of the Criminal Procedure Code had been taken was entirely unauthorised and incomplete. The issue being irrelevant, the applicant had from time to time objected to its trial and refused to produce any evidence upon the point, and to cross-examine any witnesses upon it. The documents, in respect of which the said action had been taken were never put in the District Court by the applicant or on his behalf; but, on the contrary, they were put in and used by Tai Maharaj in the revocation proceedings. As the record of these proceedings had come to the notice of the High Court in appeal 38 of 1902, together with the action taken by the District Judge under section 476 of the Criminal Procedure Code, the applicant prayed their Lordships to set aside the action of the District Judge, and his order under that section. It was urged by the applicant that the action of the District Judge was "ultra vires" and without jurisdiction; that as the question of the adoption was the subject of a civil suit in the first-class subordinate judge's court at Poona, the question ought not to have been decided by the District Judge. The learned judge, it was further urged, had not proper and full materials before him; and his action was calculated to prejudice the suit filed in the court of the first-class subordinate judge. The findings of the District Judge were based on exparte statements and were improper.

Their Lordships, looking at all the circumstances under which the application was made, refused it.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, AUGUST 21.

Thursday :—The cyclonic storm has advanced in a westerly direction and this morning is central near Khandwa. It has intensified slightly. Light to moderate rain has fallen in the Central Provinces, Berar, Central India

WHY NOT TRY
THE PURE WOOL
"LALIMLI"
SUITING
MATERIALS
MANUFACTURED
BY
THE CAWNPORE
WOOLLEN MILLS
& ARMY CLOTH
MANUFACTURING Co., Ld.,
CAWNPORE.

FLANNELS
In light grey mixtures, plain and striped, at Rs. 3, per yard, 54 inches wide.
In checks and dark mixtures plain and striped, at Rs. 3-8, per yard, 54 inches wide.
SHIRTING FLANNELS, at Rs. 2, per yard, 54 inches wide.
WHITE CRICKETING FLANNELS, at Rs. 2-12 per yard, 54 inches wide.

SERGES.
Indigo Blue Serges, from Rs. 2-6 to Rs. 4-8, per yard, 54 inches wide,
CURZON COATINGS, (Fawn checks). at Rs. 4-8, per yard, 54 inches wide.
GREY WORSTED COATINGS. from Rs. 3-8 to Rs. 4-8, per yard, 54 inches wide.
TUSSAH LUSTRE SERGES, at Rs. 1-8, per yard, 27 inches wide.
CHEVIOT TWEEDS. at Rs. 2-8, per yard, 54 inches wide.
GREAT COATINGS, from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-8, per yard, 54 inches wide,

Priced Samples of any Goods forwarded on Application.

HIGH GRADE ENGLISH CYCLES COMPLETE.

THE JAMES	Rs. 200	only
RALEIGH GAZELLE	,, 220	,,
GLOBE	,, 175	,,
AMERICAN	,, 120	,,
DUNLOP COVER	,, 18	,,
DUNLOP airtube with valve	,, 7	,,

Reduced charges in Nickel-plating, enamelling and repairing.

VATCHA BROS.
BOMBAY: 572 GIRGAUM, 41, MEADOW ST. FORT.

DELHI CORONATION DARBAR CAMP.
CAMP FURNITURE.
LAWSON TAIT BEDS.

HAVING made arrangements for the delivery of very large quantities of all kinds of CAMP FURNITURE we are in a position TO SELL CHEAPER than any other House in the Trade.

3,000 Lawson Tait Beds at Rs. 20 each.
1,500 Folding Camp Chairs with Carpet Seat at Rs. 3-4.
3,000 Bentwood Chairs, best make at Rs. 3-8.
500 Patent Heatherby Folding Tables at Rs. 8-8.

In case of order for one dozen or more of one kind Packing and Delivery at Bombay Railway Station free.

M. BRESLAUER & Co.,
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,
BOMBAY.

BABY GRAND PIANOFORTES.
A NEW SUPPLY TO HAND OF THESE MAGNIFICENT INSTRUMENTS.
This new model of Piano combines the portability of an Upright or Square Piano with the FULNESS of TONE and ALL THE HIGH MUSICAL QUALITIES that are only obtainable in a GRAND PIANOFORTE THE STANDARD INDIAN HORIZONTAL GRAND PIANO is the SMALLEST GRAND PIANO now made by Messrs. SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE to supersede the well known STANDARD INDIAN SQUARE which they have now discontinued to build.
CASH RS. 1,200.
ON THE HIRE SYSTEM:—
For 12 months, Rs. 100 per month.
For 24 months, Rs. 59-4 per month.
MARCKS & CO, LTD.,
SOLE AGENTS.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE MOST PERFECT of all German PIANOS
GEBRÜDER KNAKE'S
New Indian Model.
PERFECT
In Tone and Touch and thoroughly durable. Can be seen and tried at
S. ROSE & CO.,
FORT, BOMBAY.

THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interests allowed.
LOANS and OVERDRAFTS granted against approved security.
DRAFTS issued. TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS effected. PERIODICAL REMITTANCES made.
STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold. INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected.
LIFE, FIRE, and ACCIDENT ASSURANCES effected and PREMIUMS paid.
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO,

R. SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.
VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS,
GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD.
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.
CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.
HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.
ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15), and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15). Waiers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25), Double Harness (Rs. 50). Troublesome horses charged extra.
HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale, or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem. Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10, Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.
CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5 per cwt., delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.
ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.
REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

POST FREE.
LOST MANHOOD.
If you wish for Manly Vigor, send for the best and most valuable work on ATROPHY and VARICOCELE by M. D. Ch. M.: with special chapters on the explanation of Vital Secrets, and the certain CURE OF Prostration, DEBILITY and DECAY. This work is the purest guide in ESSENTIAL MATTERS. A few of the ailments which the work treats of are—Nervous Debility in all its forms, Exhausted Vitality, Spermatorrhœa, Loss of Vital Power, Seminal Weakness, Youthful Imprudence, Lost Manhood, Premature Decay, Despondency, Impotence, Evil Forebodings, Wasting Decay, Loss of Energy, Varicocele, Pains in the Loins, Dimness of Sight, Brain Fag, Nervousness, Blotches on the Skin and Body, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Frightful Dreams, Melancholy Noises in the Ears, Fœted Breath, Low Spirits, Timidity, Liver Complaints, Bladder and Kidney Complaints, and every form of disease which affects the Urinary Organs. Write for a copy to-day, and I will send one FREE OF CHARGE. Address:—"SURGEON," 7 Bristol Gardens, Brighton, Sussex, England. Name this paper.

REGIMENTAL CLOTHING.

GREATCOAT CLOTHS.	PUTTIES.
UNIFORM Do.	JERSEYS
Do. SERGES.	CARDIGAN JACKETS.
ARMY FLANNELS.	BALACLAVA CAPS.
SADDLE SERGES.	SOCKS, BLUE GREY.
BLANKETS FOR MEN.	Do. NATURAL GREY.
Do. and JHOOLS for Horses.	MITTENS.

MANUFACTURED BY
THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS CO., LD.,
DHARIWAL PUNJAB.

WARDEN & CO.,
BOMBAY AND KURRACHEE.
BASEL MISSION MANGALORE ROOF TILES,
"MINTON" PAVEMENT, DADO AND ORNAMENTAL TILES,
WHITE GLAZED TILES,
NINE ELMS PORTLAND CEMENT.
MARBLE PAVEMENT TILES AND SLABS.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES Working Drawings and Estimates furnished on Application.
WARDEN & Co.,
7, HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"*" All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, AUGUST 22, 1902.

THE CROPS IN INDIA.

ALTHOUGH conditions have assumed a very serious aspect in parts of the Bombay Presidency, the rest of India, with the exception of Rajputana, Central India, and the Central Provinces, is looking forward to fairly good harvests, and up to the present seems to have had an adequate supply of rain. During the week ended the ninth of the present month, Rajputana received no rain worth mentioning, and in many places moisture was urgently needed. Over very extensive areas the early sowings have already withered and the reports state that unless rain were received within from seven to ten days, the situation would be very serious indeed. Already the number of applicants for relief is on the increase. Although in Central India matters are not quite so critical, there is great need for rain. During the week reported upon, rain fell throughout Central India, but it was very slight, and was altogether insufficient in Malwa and Bhopapur. In the latter state sowing operations have been considerably retarded owing to the lack of moisture, but elsewhere operations are generally in progress. Up to the date of the report the crops were in good condition in Baghelkhand, Malwa, and Bhopapur, but elsewhere they were only fair. In Dhar and Alirajpur insects have done some damage, and in Indore rain was immediately needed, lest the crops should be destroyed. A rather discouraging report also comes from the Central Provinces. Good rain is reported to have fallen in Jubbulpore, Mandla, Narsinghpai, Betul, Chindwara, Balaghat, and in the Chhatisgarh country, but no rain whatever fell in Nima, Wardha and Chanda. In other districts the rainfall was very light. Rain is badly required in many parts of the country. In Hoshangabad and Nima for instance, there was every prospect that the crops would perish unless rain was quickly received, and in Chindwara it was also probable that there would be a serious loss unless relief in the shape of rain speedily appeared. Wardha and Nagpur are badly threatened, and the outlook in Chanda and Bhandara is very serious. All over the Central Provinces, in fact, prospects are at present very unfavourable, and this remark seems to apply especially to the transplanted rice districts. Good and early rain would, however, improve matters immensely. Turning to other parts of India, there is a much more encouraging state of things to report. In Madras, except in parts of the Deccan and North Arcot, the crops are in fair condition, and in Bengal prospects are favourable, heavy rain having been received. Good rain has also fallen in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. In some places, however, the fall has been excessive, and floods have done slight injury to the crops. In the Punjab and in all other parts of India, with the exception of the provinces specially alluded to, prospects seem to be fairly good.

According to the Bombay Presidency season reports for the week ended Tuesday last, the conditions in Guzarat are extremely serious. Everywhere in that unfortunate province the crops are withering for want of rain. In Ahmedabad only one cent. of rain was received during the week, and only in the Prantej and Dhandhuka taluka and the Gogha and Modasa pethas do anything like satisfactory conditions prevail. The standing crops are perishing, and sowing is being retarded throughout the district. Wherever well water is available, the crops are being irrigated. In parts of the Viramgam, Dholka and Daskroi talukas, the fodder supply is running short. The maximum rainfall during the week in the Panch Mahals districts was eleven cents. All over the district the crops are declining. However, so far there is a sufficiency of fodder, and water, except in the Kalol taluka, and the agricultural stock is in good condition. The maximum rainfall in Kaira was fourteen cents. at Borsad and in many places agricultural operations are at a stand-still. The crops are now being irrigated by well water, but they are withering, and there seems to be a fear that the water supply will run short. Although in Broach more rain is badly needed, still the conditions there are considerably better than in other parts of Guzarat. Up to the present the standing crops are doing well, and there is a sufficiency of fodder, except in parts of the Vagra taluka. In Surat rice transplantations are being retarded, although sowing has been completed. The germinated crops are withering in the Olpad, Bardoli, and Jalalpor talukas. The native states of Guzarat report similar conditions. In Rajkot the crops are perishing, and the supply of fodder and water is also insufficient in some places. In Wadhwan rain is urgently needed everywhere, and the crops have begun to droop. The water supply is also becoming deficient. The same remark applies to Baroda. In other parts of the Presidency conditions seem to be slightly more favourable, although in many places the crops are suffering severely from the continued drought. In Sind the canals have ceased flowing in many places. The Konkan returns the same complaint from every district:—"More rain urgently needed everywhere". In the Deccan the need for rain is also felt, although in a few districts showers, which have proved of considerable benefit to the standing crops, have been received. Since the reports were compiled, more rain has fallen in Guzarat, but it is yet premature to say that the danger is past.

THE ETHICS OF TEST MATCHES.

POPULAR interest in the test matches increases with each visit of the Australian teams, and in no year since 1878 have these contests been followed with greater keenness than in the present year of grace. Now that all the excitement attendant on the close finishes in the last two test matches has calmed down, it may not be amiss to discuss some of the burning questions which arose as an outcome of the five contests, such as selecting the England elevens, payment of professionals, playing test matches out, visits of English teams to Australia, and a few minor points. Discussing the selection of the England elevens in a recent number of the "Empire Review" Mr. Pelham Warner, the famous Middlesex cricketer, remarks "the first six or seven men in an England eleven are more or less 'certainties,' but then the difficulties of selection come fast, the candidates for the remaining places being many, and each man with some special point in his favour. Even when the actual eleven has been determined, questions of the eligibility or proper qualification of the players to represent England occasionally arise. K. S. Ranjitsinhji is a case in point. In the days when the teams were chosen by separate committees, the committee of the Mary-le-bone Club did not select Ranjitsinhji on the ground that being an Indian by birth he was not eligible to play for England. The Lancashire committee, before selecting him for the match at Old Trafford took the opinion of the Australians, who, possibly not disregarding the result of his popularity on the gate receipts, replied emphatically that they had no objection to his playing. The Oval committee also chose Ranjitsinhji and now the Board of Control has formally declared him eligible to represent England against Australia". The present system of selection was put in force in 1899, when at the request of the first-class counties a board was formed to regulate future test matches, and to vest the selection in every case in the hands of a committee of three, who are, however, required to take into their counsel two amateurs from the first six cricketers chosen to play for England in the match immediately forthcoming. This mode of selection, it is not difficult to see, is an improvement on the old one. The next question, viz., the payment of professionals engaged in these contests, is one which should have the immediate attention of the Board of Control. Up to 1896 it had been the custom to pay £10 to each professional, and this small remuneration gave rise to the famous strike on the eve of the third test match at the Oval in that year, when the late George Lohmann, William Gunn, Abel, Richardson, and Hayward demanded £20 for their services in the match. Since that memorable occasion £20 per man has been the renumeration. Considering the enormous amount of strain and fatigue the match entails, it would not be an excessive proportion of the gate money to increase the payment to £30. Perhaps the most important question of all is the time allowed for test matches. The first two matches of the season being ruined by the weather has revived the demand in certain quarters for the adoption of the plan which holds in Australia, whereby matches can be played to a finish irrespective of the number of days required. When it is considered that 12 out of the 28 test matches played in England have been left unfinished, there is an attractiveness in the desire for definite results, although strangely enough to many keenly interested in English cricket the suggestion appears unsound and unworkable. Turning to the last question, the English teams visiting Australia have invariably been taken out by private individuals, but there is a general desire that the next eleven should go out under the auspices of the M. C. C. It is certainly curious that so powerful a body as the M. C. C., whose influence extends wherever cricket is played, cannot get up a representative eleven to visit Australia.

THE PARSI TEAM.

THE Parsi Selection Committee's choice has fallen upon the following players to represent the Parsis in the Presidency match next Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday:—Dr. M. E. Pavri, D. D. Kanga, A. H. Mehta, M. D. Balsara, N. C. Bapasola, D. E. Mody, H. D. Kanga, K. F. Merhomji, K. M. Mistry, F. Colabawalla, and D. Raja, (jun.) No difficulty was found in filling the first six places, Pavri, Mistry, Meherhomji, Mehta and the brothers Kanga all being players whom it would be impossible to pass over, and without whom, moreover, no Parsi team would be representative. The selection of the other five players offered greater difficulties, as besides Bulsara, Bapasola, Mody, Colabawalla, and Raja (jun.) there were Chinoy, Machliwalla, Billimoria, Polishwalla, Pocha, Umrigar, Raja (senr.), Karaka, Laila, Patel, Driver, and a whole host of promising young players, whose claims had to be carefully considered. Another good bowler being necessary, it was decided to include Bulsara in the team, and those supporters of the Parsis, who remember the way in which he rattled the Presidency all out for a small score a couple of years ago, will not be surprised to see him in the team, especially as he has quite recovered his health and is bowling as well as ever. The eighth place has been awarded to that well tried player, Bapasola, who is reported to be in as good form as ever this year. He is such a popular player among the Parsis and such a useful one withal, that his selection will also be received with approval. D. E. Mody, another player who has represented the Parsis in most of the presidency matches, has been batting in such brilliant form this season, that although several of the younger generation of players were thought to have stronger chances, preference was given to him. There can be no doubt that when in form, the Parsis even at the present time have no finer batsman than Mody, and for this reason his inclusion in the team will be popular. The ninth and tenth places have been given to F. Colabawalla and Raja (junior), respectively, and bearing in mind the many successes they have met with this year, we do not think any serious objection can be taken to their selection. The Parsi team on paper this year strikes us as being a stronger batting side than has ever taken the field before, for not only are the younger players distinctly above the average, but such men as Pavri, Mistry, D. D. Kanga, and Mody of the old hands are batting quite at the top of their form. There is no question about the strength of the bowling with Mehta, Bulsara, Pavri, Mistry, and Bapasola all in the team, and should the wicket favour the bowlers, a contingency not at all unlikely after all the recent heavy rain, it is probable, that despite the strength of the Presidency batting, the Parsis will get the best of the three days' play.

THE NORFOLK ISLANDERS.

A NUMBER of old ladies of both sexes met the other day at the Mansion House in London to discuss the interests of the Norfolk Island community. Norfolk Island is a small spot in the Pacific. It was discoverd by Captain Cook in 1774, four years after he had taken possession of the coast of New South Wales. In 1826 the Island became a penal settlement, which was, however, in 1855 broken up. After this the inhabitants of the Pitcairn Island, who were descendants of the mutineers of the Bounty, with their Tahitian wives, were taken to the Island and some of them remained there. These people have had a very good time generally speaking. Their existence is fairly primitive. They are governed by Elders and a Parliament. They know no elections, for every male over seventeen years of age becomes a member of the Island Parliament. They have few wants, but would have less if they only possessed a ship by which to send their superfluous fruit to the Australian market. The Rev. P. M. Aldons, endeavoured to improve upon a statement made by Earl Carrington, a former Governor of New South Wales, who presided, as to the needs of the islanders. The chairman said they wanted to get rid of their bananas. Mr. Aldons said the case was worse than that owing to the glut of fruit, consequent on the inability of the Islanders to despatch it, they had to feed the pigs on peaches. Without a ship the Island would go from bad to worse. He believed that a vessel, such as the Islanders required, could be purchased for about £2,000, and he made an earnest appeal for help in this direction. A steamer calls at Norfolk Island once a month, and another would also call if it were worth while, but the Islanders will obtain their ship. The clergy have always been partial to the mutineers of the Bounty and their descendants. That ship will doubtless prove a white elephant to Norkfolk Island unless the people who met to talk about it the other day endow it sufficiently to cover the cost of navigation and overhaul. By far the best way would be to warp it ashore, capsize it and use it for a church, putting a priest instead of a pilot in the chart-room.

AFFAIRS IN THE CAPE.

REUTER informs us that the Cape Parliament, which it was proposed to dissolve, has got to its work. In the inaugural speech of the session it was announced that the Bill of Indemnity which will bring with it a cessation of Martial Law will be introduced forthwith. Mr. Chamberlain the other day announced in the Commons that the Prime Minister of the Cape Colony had undertaken to introduce legislation to give validity to sentences passed there under Martial Law. These cases will be examined without distinction or favour, to see in what instances his Majesty could be advised to extend the clemency of the Crown. It is hoped that such cases will be many, but there will of course, be a large number in which sentences had been passed for outrages of the worst kind, and for conduct contrary to the usages of war. It would, as Mr. Chamberlain remarked, be a scandal if these men were set at liberty on the legal quibble that with the end of the war the power of the Military tribunal ceased. The Bill to prohibit the immigration of Asiatics other than British subjects, which is also to be introduced, will keep out the Chinaman, and let in the Indian cooly for whose welfare doubtless the Government of India will make paternal rules. At all events the country is open to the native of this country on terms which we may expect Mr. Gandhi promptly to communicate.

SOME FEATURES OF INDIAN TRADE.

A REMARKABLE feature of the Indian trade of the past year has been the development of traffic in cotton seed, of which one hundred and fifty thousand tons have been shipped from Bombay in fifteen months, ending last June, compared with only 1,800 tons in 1898-99. The whole has been to the United Kingdom where a brisk demand has sprung up for this previously almost worthless by-product of the cotton industry, for the manufacture of oil and margarine. Another noteworthy feature concerns sugar. The returns of sugar imports up to the first week in August show that the recent legislation, while it has produced little change in the quantity brought monthly into India, has had effect of checking the further disastrous fall in prices in this country. In the first week of August, the price per bazaar maund in India was seven rupees six annas, or almost exactly the same as last December. What would have happened in India, had legislation not been resorted to, may be gathered from what has actually occurred in London where the price at the end of July was fifteen per cent. below the figure at which it stood last December. Stated otherwise, it appears that representing the price in January, 1899 by the figure of 100, the price in December last in London and Calcutta was 76 and 97, respectively, and last month 64 and 99, respectively.

THE QUETTA-NUSHKI RAILWAY.

THE report to which currency has been given to the effect that forty-seven lakhs is to be spent on the Nushki Railway this year is incorrect, the amount sanctioned being less than five lakhs. The tunnel, which is to be taken in hand first, will take about eighteen months to build.

His Excellency the Viceroy inspected the site of the Durbar Camp at Delhi on Tuesday and left at night for Simla.

H. M. S. Cossack, commander G. Cart Wright R. N., will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending August 19 was 649, giving a death-rate of 43·38 per annum per thousand as against 58·03 the corresponding period of last year, and 59·63 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 78 died from fevers; 35, plague; 4, small-pox; 10, measles; 1, cholera; 1, leprosy; 43, pthisis; 60, diseases of the nervous system; 138, affections of the respiratory organs; 69, diarrhœa; 28, dysentery; 44, stillborn; 78, old age and debility; 13, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 28; Brahmin, 21; Lingaet, 0; Bhatia, 3; Hindu (other caste, 323; Hindu low caste, 74; Musulman, 137; Parsee, 19; Jew, 7; Native Christian, 23; Eurasian, 6; European, 4; Negro-African, 0; Buddhist, 0; other and unknown castes, 3. The total number of births was 340 as against 458 the corresponding period of last year, and 333 the average over the past five years.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN SITUATION.

EFFICIENCY AND THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE NEW COLONIES.

BY M. J. FARRELY.

AMONG the various measures to be decided upon by the Imperial Government in relation to the new Colonies and to South Africa as a whole, none can be of more far-reaching effect than those which will determine the degree of efficiency to be secured in the administration of the new colonies. A good deal has been heard at home of late on this head; efficiency is the one indispensable condition. we are told, which an Empire bidden to wake up must insist on. As to the value of efficiency in our military organization, the Boers have taught our home authorities something—at least, it is to be hoped they have. The recent inquiry as to the training of officers of the army has brought to the public mind how much we fall short of the anxious care displayed by other States, great and small, to ensure the highest standard of service in this respect. The personnel of the Foreign Office, at home and abroad, diplomatic and consular, has not escaped criticism; and able and patriotic writers have set before them the upholding of the efficiency of the Imperial Navy, whether as regards the supply of officers or of men, of ships or of war material, necessary to retain that command of the seas which is the life-blood of the Empire.

IMPERIAL CONTROL.

In no respect, however, writes Mr. M. J. Farrely in the "Pall Mall Gazette" does the demand for an efficient, capable, and fully-instructed public service in the new colonies fall short of that for the same quality in the branches of the public service, military, naval, or diplomatic. The issues are not merely local, as confined to the two new provinces, nor local in the sense of being merely South African. On wise and capable administration in South Africa depends the retention of the Imperial hold; and on that hangs the permanent union of the scattered States that form our world-wide Empire. The route to India and Australia depends on the retention of South Africa: a single ship would block the Suez Canal.

As the result of inefficient administration for the past two or three generations, we have just emerged from the greatest war in which the Empire has been involved for a century. A result of inefficient administration for the next generation will certainly be a new war.

A recently arrived Boer general has informed the British public that "he thought South Africa might soon settle down; he hoped so, at least; but, of course, it would take time, and a good deal would depend on the way things were managed by the British Government." This is an absolutely correct statement of the facts, and it would be very well if the home public realized what that statement means. It means that our Government in South Africa and ourselves as a people are being, and will continue to be for a generation, weighed in the balance.

THINGS TO BEAR IN MIND.

In many quarters one cannot help perceiving symptoms of quite misplaced optimism, due, apparently, to the fact that Mr. Chamberlain is at the Colonial Office, and Lord Milner at Johannesburg; and, therefore, that people at home need not trouble much about matters vaguely described as "out there." It might be enough to recall the indisputable fact that the Boer people have long memories; that they know that a Frere was succeeded by a Rosmead, a Beaconsfield by a Gladstone; and as well, that neither Colonial Secretaries nor High Commissioners are immortal. But there is more than that. Public opinion at home cannot get rid of its responsibilities; it has recalled High Commissioners—usually those who were right.

What, then, will depend on the efficiency or the reverse of the Administrations of the new colonies? First and foremost, the Boer estimate of ourselves and of the probability of the permanence of the imperial rule: with this, the fanning or the extinguishing of the banked-up fire of Young Afrikander ambition. On these two, are the coming or the avoidance of war. Dependent as well are the discouragement or the strengthening of the loyalist sentiment of British South Africans, so sorely tried for generations. And among more immediate things, on the efficiency of the new Administrations will depend the carrying out in its spirit as well as letter the wise legislation demanded to build up a prosperous British community; and, indeed, guidance to the imperial Government as to the character of the legislation really required. The most enlightened legislation, intended to foster British prosperity and to maintain the Imperial rule, will become that corruption of the best which is the worst, in inefficient hands. The most well-meaning Imperial Government cannot help being guided as to concrete measures of legislation by the chief officials and their subordinates appointed in the Imperial name. They are the eyes of the Home Government.

THE YOUNG AFRIKANDER.

ANY one who understands South African political conditions, and endeavours to form some conception of the various influences which militate against efficiency alone being taken as the test of official appointments in the new colonies, will find little difficulty in coming to a conclusion. The first, and one of the greatest, is the skill and the diplomacy of the Young Afrikander propagandist, whose diplomatic gifts in the past and the present enable him to obtain office under any Administration, and whose conception of spiritual superiority and national purpose justifies him in accepting office from the usurper, with the patriotic object of sapping his unrighteous rule. Next should be placed the danger of according to the representatives of the great mining corporations, largely non-British in composition or purpose, undue representation on any consultative boards to be formed or in the general administration. Lastly, and by no means to be forgotten, that form of society pressure, on which so much stress was laid by the late Committee on Army Training—that which men call "influence" and the gods "favouritism".

The Young Afrikander danger is the greater because it is not realized by public opinion in the United Kingdom; the dangers of capitalism and society influence are, to some extent, although not as much as they should be. The ideal of Young Afrikander domination and of British exclusion by force, is the special possession of the war party among the Boers. But an ideal of Young Afrikander succession to the South African share of a dissolved British Empire belongs not alone to the peace party among the Boers, but to many among the Dutch-descended loyalists.

The leaders of the Afrikander war party were educated as a rule in Europe; many of them in England, at Oxford and Cambridge and the Temple. They are by no means simple farmers of the veld: they have views on the working of British party politics. Their estimate of the real military situation in October, 1899, startled most people in England during the Dark Week of December, so close was its approximation to correctness, so much more accurate than that of the British War office. They rely for ultimate victory on the separatist ideals, the religious fanaticism, the military skill, and the extraordinary birth-rate of the Boer people. But they rely, too, on the swing of the British party pendulum; and, as much as on anything else, on the contempt for British Governmental methods and for the British people to flow from the to-be-hoped-for inefficiency in the British administration of the new colonies. The complacency and magnanimity of the British public at home are quite familiar to them, and are relied upon.

Last year a published interview with a prisoner of war, a nephew of General Joubert, called attention to this danger to future peace—that such persons, put in office through British magnanimity, will use their office to continue their propaganda and resist British influence.

OTHER SOURCES OF DANGER.

There is, however, a section of the Afrikander party whose influence in such posts is just as disastrous, although never openly in the field against the Imperial forces. These are Imperialists, the kind of whose Imperialism symptoms exist at Pretoria. Some are already in office.

(Continued on page 6.)

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE SHAH IN ENGLAND.

RECEIVED BY THE KING.

LONDON, AUGUST 20.

The King landed at Portsmouth and received the Shah, who proceeded on board the Royal yacht and luncheoned. Royal salutes were fired and the ships in the harbour were dressed with bunting.

LONDON, AUGUST 21.

The Shah returned to London last evening.

THE BOER GENERALS.

VISIT TO MR. KRUGER.

SPEEDY RETURN FROM HOLLAND.

LONDON, AUGUST 20.

The Boer Generals have visited Mr. Kruger at Utrecht and returned to the Hague. They have abandoned the proposed tour in Holland and Belgium, and are returning to London instead to confer with the Colonial Office before lecturing in the United Kingdom.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUG. 21.

An "Englishman" special cablegram, dated London, the 19th inst. states :—

The refusal of the Boer Generals to attend the Naval Review caused a good deal of comment. The Continental pro-Boers are greatly exultant. The Generals state that they were unable to attend as owing to the shortness of the notice they had no time to procure the necessary ceremonial clothing.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

AFFAIRS AT THE CAPE.

MARTIAL LAW TO BE REMOVED.

LEGISLATION AGAINST ASIATICS.

PARLIAMENTARY PROGRAMME.

LONDON, AUGUST. 20.

The Governor in a speech delivered at the opening of the Cape Parliament announced that martial law will be removed as soon as the Bill of Indemnity is passed. A Bill will be introduced, prohibiting the introduction of Asiatics other than British subjects : also paupers and persons suffering from loathsome or contagious diseases.

LONDON, AUGUST, 21.

The Governor's speech at the opening of the Cape Parliament further announced Railway Harbours and Irrigation Bills. Also another Bill fixing the Cape's contribution to the Navy at £50,000.

The Governor added that the expenditure would greatly exceed the expenditure in the past, but that the continuous expansion of trade justified the expectation of an increased revenue. He urged that the discussion of the Bills should be in a moderate spirit. He impressed on members their grave responsibility.

The House adopted without discussion an address of congratulation to their Majesties on their accession. The address referred to the great Empire to which all were proud to belong, and of which all were ready to maintain the integrity.

MR. SCHWAB'S RETIREMENT DENIED.

Mr. Schwab denies his reported resignation, but says he is going to Europe for a rest.

THE KING.

PHYSICIAN STILL IN ATTENDANCE.

A CRUISE ROUND THE COAST.

LONDON, AUGUST 20,

Sir F. Treves has bidden farewell to the King after eight weeks' constant attendance.

Sir F. Laking remains in attendance.

LONDON, AUGUST 21.

The King starts to-day in his yacht westward. The yacht will be escorted by the cruiser Crescent. It is understood that His Majesty will cruise round the coast of Britain, anchoring in the harbours at night, finishing the cruise at Aberdeen, and going thence to Balmoral.

COMMANDANT CRONJI AND HIS WIFE LEAVE FOR THE CAPE.

LONDON, AUGUST 21.

Commandant Cronji and his wife, and a thousand Boers have sailed from St. Helena for the Cape.

NEW BRITISH ACADEMY.

The King has granted a charter incorporating a British Academy for the promotion of Historical, Philosophical, and Philological studies. The Academy consists of forty-nine Fellows. Scarcely any British scholar of the first rank is absent.

The Fellows elect a President and Council among themselves.

ARD PATRICK AND THE ST. LEGER.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

LONDON, AUG. 20.

Ard Patrick has, it is officially announced, been scratched for the St. Leger to-day.

CRICKET.

The Australians have beaten Gloucestershire by an innings and ten runs.

Kent has beaten Worcestershire by nine wickets.

Leicestershire has beaten Hampshire by six wickets.

Yorkshire versus Somerset and Derbyshire versus Surrey have been drawn.

Middlesex versus Lancashire has been abandoned.

LONDON, AUGUST 21.

Essex versus Warwickshire has been drawn.

[illegible] Lord Bishop of Bombay sails for England on [illegible]ave on September 6th. It is also announced [illegible]s not improbable that his state of health will [illegible]te his permanent retirement, but the ques[illegible]ot be settled for some months. He is now [illegible]e a drive, and is picking up strength.

HEAVY INCREASE IN FAMINE RELIEF.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 21.

A further heavy rise has taken place in the numbers under famine relief. The Bombay Presidency to-day reporting an increase of 62,640 and Bombay Native States an increase of 16,367, which brings the total throughout India to 502,004.

EARTHQUAKE AT KABUL.

The British Agent at Kabul reports a very severe earthquake between eight and nine o'clock on the evening of the 12th instant, which is almost the exact time when a slight shock was felt throughout the Punjab.

INCREASE OF PLAGUE IN THE PRESIDENCY.

The plague is increasing in the Bombay Presidency and Mysore, which last week had 2,642 and 612 deaths, respectively.

APPEARANCE OF PLAGUE AT SIMLA.

One plague death took place in Simla bazaar to-day. The case being s imported one from Subathu, about twenty miles distant. The house has been disinfected.

WANT IMPROVED CARRIAGES.

SIMLA RESIDENTS SENT LETTER TO AGENT E. I. RAILWAY.

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 21.

Upwards of five hundred residents of Simla (Europeans and Indians), mostly employed in the offices of the Government of India, have submitted a letter to the Agent, East Indian Railway, drawing attention to the latrine accommodation in the intermediate and third-class carriages, and other disadvantages that are felt by passengers using such carriages. Among the disadvantages they enumerate the following :—

(a) A insecurity specially at night, when passengers are all asleep. (b) Reduction of accommodation and consequent overcrowding of passengers. (c) People reserving compartments have to pay eight fares, but are provided with five, six or seven seats according to compartment allotted. (d) female members of reserving parties have to use same latrine along with male passengers of other compartments in carriage. (e) Absence of exclusiveness, especially in case of European ladies and purdah nashins, in using reserved compartments. All the above they say can be remedied by adoption of a plan of carriages obtaining on the North-Western and Bengal-Nagpur Railways, and they accordingly solicit the favour of the Agent ordering the construction of intermediate and third-class carriages on the East Indian Railway on a similar plan.

AGRICULTURAL PROSPECTS IN ENGLAND.

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 21.

An "Englishman" cablegram states :—

The agricultural outlook at home is most unpromising the crops in the majority of districts having been seriously damagad owing to incessant rain.

THE SOUTH BELFAST ELECTION.

GOVERNMENT SURPRISED.

The "Indian Daily News" London correspondent states that the result of the South Belfast election has startled the Ministerialists, who looked upon it as one of the safest Conservative seats in Ireland.

NEW GOVERNOR OF SANDHURST.

Colonel Gerard Kitson, who served in the Manipore Expedition of 1891 and was Military Attache at Washington, has been appointed Governor of Sandhurst College, to carry out the reforms contemplated by Lord Roberts.

[Colonel Gerard Charles Kitson, is the son of the Rev. J. B. Kitson of Morval, Cornwall, was born in 1856. He was educated at Winchester, and entered the Army in 1875. He was D.-A.-A.-G. at Meerut, 1890-92 ; A.-A.-G., Umballa, 1892-94; served in Manipore in 1891, was mentioned in despatches and awarded the medal ; he was Military Attache to the British Embassy at Washiogton, and subsequently was appointed Commandant of the Royal Military College, Kingston, Canada. He was created C.M.G. in 1901.]

NEW CRUISERS FOR JAPAN.

SHIP BUILDERS' DENIAL.

The London correspondent of the "Indian Daily News" cables, under date the 20th instant :—The Clydebank firm deny that the Japanese Admiralty have placed orders with them for two new cruisers.

MR. SCHWAB AND THE STEEL TRUST.

STILL PRESIDENT.

A special cablegram to the "Indian Daily News" states:—The report that Mr. Schwab, President of the Steel Trust, has retired from the business, is contradicted.

DEATH OF PROFESSOR SCHENK.

The death is announced of Professor Schenk, the apostle of the artificial determination of sex before birth.

[Professor Samuel Schenk became famous five years ago by his theory that it was possible to determine the sex of a child before birth. He contended that the whole question resolved itself into a matter of diet.

THE ST. LEGER.

LATEST BETTING.

The latest betting on the St. Leger is :—

5 to 2 Sceptre.

7 to 2 St. Brendan.

100 to 8 Cheers.

Ard Patrick is not yet restored to the list.

Major Tritton is appointed Second-in-Command of the 35th Bombay Rifles.

THE LATE Mr. JEHANGIR.

MESSAGE OF SYMPATHY FROM VICEROY TO HIS FATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

POONA, AUGUST 21.

Lord Curzon sent a sympathetic telegram to Mr. Framjee Dorabjee Ghaswalla, for loosing his son Jehangir, in South Africa. Deceased died last month at Griqualand, where he was serving with the mounted volunteers. Captain Elliot, commanding the troops, has also written a letter to his father, which says :—

"While I have been in command he has proved himself a good man, a good soldier, and was much liked by all his comrades and, from what I heard from others, he has always been liked wherever he went, and was a brave man. His friend Domingo who nursed him has asked to be allowed to buy his horse. The members of the troop are making arrangements to erect a tombstone. We all deeply regret his loss".

H. E. the Viceroy, has sent through his Private Secretary the following message from his camp on the 19th instant :—

"Am desired by the Viceroy to express sincere condolence upon death of your son, who, he hears, rendered very good service in South Africa".

ROYAL SCOTS ANNUAL SPORT.

RAIN PREVENTS FINALS.

POONA, AUGUST 21.

Rain and the heavy state of the ground prevented the finals of Royal Scots sports, which were fixed for this afternoon.

In the morning only two events were completed, namely, the High Jump and Throwing the Hammer. The Bayonet Contests were taken in hand, but the accidental injury to Private Munro, one of the competitors, led to the abandonment.

In the High Jump Competition the first prize was won by a Lance Corporal. His jump was 5 feet 3 inches. Corporal Marr jumped 5 feet 2 inches, and Corporal Ellis the same length.

In the Throwing the Hammer competition Private Clark, of the Gordon Highlanders, threw the hammer at a distance of 95 feet. He was awarded the first prize. Drummer Welsh threw 92 feet.

RAIN IN THE DECCAN.

PROSPECTS OF THE CROPS.

Seasonable rain is falling nearly all over the Deccan and Southern Maharatta country from Castle Rock and Roan. On Monday last, heavy rain fell at Mujad and Dharwar; at Hambul and Belgaum on Tuesday last, and at Amirgeri near Hubli one inch of rain fell. The Konkan country has been similarly favoured, whilst the Malabar Coast and Goa have received showers. In Poona District, rain has fallen nearly all over the district. The crops are not in immediate danger, the recent rain having greatly revived them.

PLAGUE IN POONA DISTRICT.

There were 20 cases and 10 deaths recorded in the Poona District within the last three days, and in Charoli 8 cases and 1 death.

Dead rats are reported to have been found in some of the houses and shops in Belgaum.

WANTED ELSEW HERE.

A warrant has been issued by the Magistrate of Benares against Talak Hirachand, who was seated yesterday for cheating. Accused will shortly be sent there.

TRANSVAAL LAWYERS PRACTISING.

COLOMBO, AUGUST 21.

The Australian papers state that all Transvaal lawyers, formerly attached to the Boer staff in the field, have been permitted to practise in the Supreme Court at Pretoria.

THE TSAR AND DISARMAMENT.

FRESH PROPOSALS TO THE POWERS.

The Tsar is making fresh proposals for the partial disarmament of the Powers, to ensure the peace of Europe.

THE NILE WATERWAY.

The Nile waterway, from Wady Halfa through the First Cataract, is open for traffic.

LOST PLANET REDISCOVERED.

Professor Leng, of the Denver University, has rediscovered the minor planet Eros, invisible since June, 1901.

Eros is the nearest neighbour to the Earth, with the exception of the moon.

A NAUTCH IN HONOUR OF CORONATION.

A correspondent from Tasgaon writes on the 21st instant :—

A nautch and pan-supari party was given by Shrimati Siddhibai Saheb Patawrdhan, the mother of Vinayakrao Babasaheb Patawardhan of Tasgaon, to all the Government officers and leading gentlemen here in honour of the late Coronation ceremony of his Majesty the King and Emperor of India yesterday ; as her minor son Babasaheb was absent at Poona on the day of the Coronation. All prayed for his Majesty's long life and prosperity.

CORONATION CELEBRATION AT DWARKA.

A correspondent writing from Dwarka under date of the 20th inst. says :—

The Mahajans here convened this evening a large gathering of townsmen and State officials, civil and military, in honour of the Coronation of his Majesty the King and Emperor, Edward VII. The Assistant Resident, Mr. Harrison and Mrs. Harrison were present. The military band was in attendance. The library and the spacious compound were tastefully decorated. Congratulatory speeches expressing thankfulness to the Almighty for the speedy recovery of the Emperor were delivered. Poems composed for the occasion were also recited and sweetmeats to school boys and girls, and food to over one thousand poor were distributed. Mr. Harrison added a gift of seventy-five pairs of clothes for the poor. Distribution of garlands, bouquets and pan supari terminated the proceedings.

THE annual Staff College dinner takes place at Simla on the 19th proximo.

MR. LAWRENCE, Private Secretary, and Col. Fenn, Surgeon to the Viceroy, leave Marseilles on the 12th proximo for Bombay.

THE Simla paper gives currency to a report that Sir Power Palmer will leave India at the end of October, Lord Kitchener assuming the Commander-in-Chiefship of India on his arrival at Aden.

MR. ADAMJI PIRBHOY'S CHARITIE[illegible]

EXPRESSION OF GRATITUDE FROM [illegible] KATHIAWAR.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT).

RAJKOT, AUGUST 20.

A crowded and representative meeting was held this evening in the Durbar Hall, Rajkot, to express the gratitude of the whole of Kathiawar to Sheth Adamji Pirbhoy of Bombay for his great generosity in alleviating the sufferings of the poor without distinction of caste or creed during the last three years.

Mr. H. O. Quin, the Agent to His Excellency the Governor, presided, and several European ladies and gentlemen as well as chiefs, kumars, barristers, pleaders, dewans, Government officers and deputations from the different parts of the province, including Hindus, Mahomedans, Parsis, and Christians attended.

The chairman, in opening the proceedings, gave a short sketch of Mr. Adamji's life and his successful business career, eulogized his charities, especially those during famine years, and expressed the gratitude of the people for the generosity of Mr. Adamji who had spent over six lakhs in relief of the distressed in this Presidency or in India. The chairman expressed regret at Mr. Adamji's absence.

Mr. Bhupatrai gave some figures of Mr. Adamji's charities.

Pandit Kunverji and Bhimji said it was Kathiawar's duty to show its appreciation of Mr. Adamji's philanthrophic efforts.

Messrs. Gopalji, Bezonji, and Waddington moved, seconded and supported, respectively, the following resolution :—"That the Kathiawar public expresses its deep sense of gratitude to Sheth Adamji for his great generosity towards suffering humanity of all castes and creed during the last three years".

The resolution was carried with acclamation.

Messrs. Shukla, Sonter and the Chamanrai moved, seconded and supported a resolution, appointing the secretaries to convey the resolution of thanks to Sheth Adamji.

It was also resolved that the proceedings of the meeting be forwarded to Government, and that the secretaries be requested to publish them in the papers.

A vote of thanks to the chairman terminated the proceedings.

The Thakor Saheb of Gondal and the Hindu and Mahomedan communities of several places had telegraphed their sympathy with the object of the meeting.

CONCERT AT THE NOVELTY THEATRE.

THE AMATEUR VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT CO.

NOTWITHSTANDING the unfavorable state of the weather there was a very fair attendance last night at the Novelty Theatre when a capital variety concert was given in aid of the St. Mary's ex-Students' Union Building Fund by the Amateur Variety Entertainment Company. The patronage of the Most Rev. Dr. Dalhoff, Archbishop of Bombay, was accorded to the entertainment. The programme was lengthy but, at the same time, bright and varied, and it contained just enough of the "comic" element to prevent it from at any time becoming dull. Every one of the contributors have been heard in Bombay before, but last evening they did themselves fullest justice, and there was not a dull moment from the commencement of the entertainment. The programme opened with the well-known but at the same time cheering orchestral overture of Suppe—"Poet and Peasant", followed by Madame Shultz who gave a graceful rendering of "Ah Che Assorta" (The Forest Fairy), of Venzana. Mr. George Coppard sang Audran's "A jovial monk am I". Needless to say his sonorous and musical version of this pleasing composition was greatly enjoyed. Mr. J. Molini was in excellent voice in "Ave Maria" (Gounod), and he was accorded a hearty encore. Mrs. P. Snow, who sang Blumenthal's "Sunshine and Snow" was able to instil into her rendering much of the feeling which the composition requires. There was a good selection of the humourous. Mr. L. Mongini, who was in excellent form, contributed one of Dan Leno's best : "The Grass Widower" and Mr. Cornwallis Smith, gave what to him is a new selection "Look at Me Looking at You". Mrs. L. W. Michael's contribution was "Molly the Marchioness", a racy little ditty which has earned her applause more than once in Bombay. Mr. G. Sexton contributed the "Idler", and his version was delightfully reminiscent of the original—Mr. Eugene Stratton. Mr. Geo. Arnold also sang capitally, and Mr. Defrece did very well too. Instrumental items were contributed by Mr. Thos. Prime who contributed a very tasteful flute solo, and Miss H. Hewitt whose violin solo "Souvenir de Sorrente" (Popini), could not have been improved upon either in regard to taste or technical execution. The entertainment was brought to a close by a capital little farce—"Chiselling", in which the characters were sustained by Mr. Cornwallis Smith, Mr. Geo. Arnold, Mr. L. Mongini, Mrs. L. W. Michael, and Mrs. J. Flynn. All the pianoforte accompaniments were skilfully executed by Mr. Saymour Dove.

BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. A. D. Little, Superintendent of the Eastern Telegraph Company, Perim, is appointed a Special Magistrate.

Mr. W. W. Smart, I. C. S., Assistant Collector in the district of Thana, is appointed a Magistrate of the First Class.

Mr. G. Monteath, I. C. S., Assistant Collector, Dharwar, is allowed privilege leave for two months and twenty-five days.

The services of Mr. R. A. E. Castle, District Superintendent of Police Burma, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture.

The Reverend H. W. Nelson, on return from privilege leave, becomes Chaplain of Aden.

Mr. M. R. Jardine, B. A. (Oxon.), Bar.-at-Law, Perry Professor of Jurisprudence, Government Law School, is appointed Principal and Perry Professor of the School, until 11th June 1905, or during the pleasure of Government.

Mr. J. D. F. Engel, First Inspector of Factories, is allowed privilege leave of absence for two months from the 1st September.

Mr. R. E. Enthoven, I. C. S., has been allowed privilege leave of absence for two months and twenty-five days in combination with special leave for three months and five days.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. McCloghry, F. R. C. S., I. M. S., Civil Surgeon, Karachi, has been allowed to return to duty.

Sir Jehangir Cawasji Jehanghir and Lady Jehangir and their son, Mr. Cawasji, proceed to Europe by to-morrow's mail. Sir Jehangir who was lately indisposed at Poona, has been advised by his medical attendant to proceed at once to Hamburg to take waters.

THE early publication of the Report of the Universities Commission, in advance of the Government's resolution on the subject, was specially intended to give that opportunity for full public discussion which was said to be desired in many quarters. Representations on the subject may now be submitted to the Government through the proper channels. There is an extraordinarily wide public demand for the Report, and in order to meet it, copies will shortly be on sale at the Government publishers in Calcutta at a reasonable price.

ALLEGED CONTEMPT OF COURT BY A SOLICITOR.

BEFORE the Hon. Mr. Justice Tyebji at the High Court yesterday, the Hon. Mr. Scott, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Co.., applied for a rule nisi calling upon Mr. Merwanjee, Kaikhosru Alpyewalla, of Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanjee and Motilal, solicitors, to show cause why he should not be committed for contempt of court, arising out of matters connected with the suit brought by Shapurjee Nasarvanjee Parakh and another against Merwanjee Hormusjee Mody and others, in which his Lordship gave a consent decree the other day.

Mr. Scott said he moved on an affidavit of the first defendant, The matter arose out of a suit that was before his Lordship a few days ago, and in which a consent decree was passed. The learned counsel read the affidavit and a report of the case which had appeared in the morning dailies of the 16th inst., in which it was said "Counsel stated that the parties had come to an amicable settlement, and his Lordship passed a consent decree to the following affect:—The plaintiffs to withdraw the charges made by them, but without prejudice to anything that may transpire on the taking of the accounts,. as to which there was a reference to the Commissioner". The learned counsel then read a letter which appeared in the "Times of India" on the 19th instant signed by Messrs. Bicknell Merwanjee and Motilal, in which it was stated, "His Lordship intimated that, as he would have to make an administration decree, it would to some extent operate as a cessation of the powers of the executors, and as the "cesti quf trustent" objected to the trustee, it would be advisable on the; part of the trustee not to force himself upon them. The advocate General refusing to do so, the issues were raised". Mr. Scott said that part of the letter was incorrect, for the defendants had consented to a trustee being appointed, and had sent to enquire if Mr. K. F. Mody (Deputy Registrar, Appellate side) was willing to act. Mr Scott said the Court would see that the report of the case that had appeared in the morning dailies on the 16th instant, was a perfectly correct report, but after it had appeared, they found Mr. Alpyewalla writing to the papers a letter which was misleading and calculated to prejudice the defendants. The learned advocate submitted it was perfectly clear that the letter was written to prejudice the first defendant either in the eyes of the community or in the course of the proceedings which his Lordship would see had been referred to the Commissioner and which it was left open to the plaintiffs to establish. Counsel submitted that the letter had been put on record, so that it might be referred to as a true statement of what had occurred.

Mr Justice Tyebji enquired if there was anything in the letter apart from the inuendo?

Mr Scott said there was the fact that the defendants had declined to withdraw as trustees. That was perfectly incorrect, as they had themselves offered to have an official trustee appointed.

Mr. Justice Tyebji: Where is that stated?

Mr. Scott: In the third paragraph of the letter it was stated "Mr. Davar intimated that he would even go to the length of asking for their retirement as a favour in order to put a stop to the litigation; but the Advocate General intimated that his clients declined to accede to the request, and insisted upon their rights to act as executors and trustees. Counsel said the defendants had offered to appoint an official trustee, and had afterwards agreed that Mr. K. F. Mody should be appointed.

Mr. Justice Tyebji remarked after reading farther portions of the letter, that he thought the report continued in it was substantially correct. Of course it was not a "verbatim" report, but it was a fact that the Advocate-General had refused —

Mr. Scott: That was an offer that took some time to discuss.

Mr. Justice Tyebji said when the case came on it was suggested that the defendants should compromise.

Mr. Scott remarked that they had declined to retire from the executorship, and they had not done so. With regard to the trusteeship, they had offered that the Official Trustee should be appointed. The letter states "His lordship intimated that as he would have to make an administration decree it would to some extent operate as a cessation of the powers of the executors, but as the "cesti qui trustent" objected to the trustee it would be advisable on the part of the trustee not to force himself upon them."

Mr, Justice Tyebji: Is that correct?

Mr. Scott: Yes, I certainly think so.

Mr. Justice Tyebji: Then what part of the report is incorrect apart from the inuendo?

Mr. Scott: The words "the Advocate-General refusing to do so"!

Mr. Justice Tyebje: That is correct!

Mr. Scott: No, it is perfectly incorrect. Does not your Lordship remember that I offered the official trustee and after several names had been suggested, Mr. Mody's name was mentioned, and the managing clerk of the solicitors went out of Court to try and find him Notwithstanding that, this letter was written stating "The Advocate-General refusing to do so".

Mr. Justice Tyebji, after referring to his notes said his note was, "By consent, decree in terms signed by counsel". He remembered that Mr. Scott had suggested certain names and that a discussion followed, but it was not a fruitful discussion.

Mr. Scott remarked that, as a matter of fact the discussion did not arise on the pleadings, but in the subsequent course of the administration of the estate, the subject of the trusteeship would arise, as after the property was sold, there was a settlement to be made on the sons. The question of executorship and trusteeship were quite distinct. The defendants had declined to abandon the executorship, which they still retained under the terms of the settlement. Counsel asked his Lordship what he thought could be the object of such a letter as that before the Court?

Mr. Justice Tyebji: What do you suggest it was?

Mr. Scott said it was in order that his client might be prejudiced. He could not have been prejudiced by the perfectly correct report of the 16th and so the object of the letter was to injure the first defendant in the pending litigation and in the eyes of the community. His Lordship would see that Mr. Dawar's opening was given almost verbatim, and a strong case put against the defendants.

Mr. Justice Tyebji said he could not see where the report was incorrect. Of course it did not profess to be, verbatim account.

Mr Scott pointed out that everything calculated to prejudice the first defendant was stated at length, but the offer made by his counsel was omitted Counsel pointed out that this letter had been published in one English and three Guzarati newspapers, and quite apart from the question of publication, when the case came before the Commissioner, the letter might be produced and put forward as the correct and uncontradicted report of what had taken place. Could his Lordship say that, if such a thing were done, it would not have some effect on Mr. Oliver's mind?

Mr. Justice Tyebji: I think you had better give a notice in this matter, which I do not wish to magnify. Is Mr. Merwanji in Court?

Mr. Scott: Yes. I do not ask him to answer now, for he can have an opportunity of considering the matter.

Mr. Justice Tyebji: I think the matter should stand over till you have given notice for him to appear. It seems to me that all that is necessary is an explanation to put the defendant right. His Lordship considered that Mr. Merwanjee should give some explanation of the motives that had influenced him in writing the letter; and directed that the matter should stand over till Monday for that purpose.

A BRAVE AYAH.

ON Tuesday evening there was a shocking tramway accident in Wellington Street, Calcuttta, just in front of the Water Works Station While an elderly ayah was leading a European child by its hand, it suddenly tore out of her hands and was about to cross the road in front of a passing up Sham Bazaar car. The ayah immediately ran up to the child, bawling out all the while to stop the car, and just managed to push it off the line when the car ran over her, separating her right leg completely from the thigh. The child escaped with only a simple bruise. Instantly the people in the street and the passengers of the car collected together and carried the unfortunate ayah to the Medical College Hospital in a "gharry," but the wound was bleeding so profusely that she succumbed to it even before admission.

AN application made to the HON. Mr. Justice Crowe and the Hon. Mr. Justice Batty at the High Court by the Hon. Mr. D. A. Khare, on behalf of Mr. Bal Gungadhar Tilak, to set aside the order made by the Hon. Mr. H. F. Aston, as District Judge of Poona in April last for taking criminal proceedings against Mr. Tilak under section 476 of the Criminal Procedure Code, was refused by their Lordships yesterday, as they had refused to stay the order for the criminal proceedings on Monday.

THE finding of the Hamburg Marine Court in the inquiry into the sinking of the pleasure steamer "Primus," which was run down in the Elbe by the Hamburg-American Line's tug "Hansa," is that the captain of the "Primus" followed the wrong fair way and did not give sufficient heed to lights opening up on the river. The captain of the "Hansa" is blamed for not having signalled his order to "port the helm" with reference to lights approaching ahead and on the port side.

INDIAN TROOPS IN MANCHESTER.

VOYAGE UP THE SHIP CANAL.

SCENES IN THE CITY

The Indian troops who arrived in England in June to be present at the Coronation of King Edward sailed up the Ship Canal from Liverpool on July 20 upon a brief visit to Manchester.

They transhipped from the transport Hardinge to the steamers Claughton and Mersey at half past nine. They were received and welcomed by, Mr. J. K. Bythell, chairman of the Ship Canal Company, and Sir Bosdin T. Leech, who were afterwards joined at Eastham by Mr. Alderman Southern, deputy chairman of the Company. In a few minutes the decks of the two small steamers were crowded with brilliantly uniformed Sikhs and Goorkhas, Cavalry Guides and Lancers, Viceroy's Bodyguards and Bombay Grenadiers—to mention but a few of many names.

Again and again, says the "Manchester Guardian," Englishmen who saw the Indian soldiers for the first time declared that their physique was a revelation, and surely never have teeth in human heads been more spoken of or more admired than they were, whenever a well-made Indian parted his lips to laugh or to speak. Whilst the steamers were waiting in one of the locks a woman in the crowd, after contemplating the richly coloured groups on board, exclaimed in an ecstasy. "They are beautiful!" The comment was repeated to some of the Indian officers, who as they laughed with delight must have seemed to their admirer even handsomer than they had been in their statuesque repose.

Soon after leaving the anchorage of the Hardinge, between Birkenhead and Liverpool, the Canal steamers passed the gunpowder barges which lie in the Mersey. On one of these were two dummy heads fixed to stakes in the deck. The dummies were good imitation of human heads, and it was said that one was intended for Mr. Kruger and the other for Lord Kitchener. Whatever their purpose may have been, the Indian soldiers gazed upon them with excited interest, and perhaps thought them to be the remains of river pirates. The three training-ships and the crowded ferry steamers as they were passed sent hearty salutes to the visitors, who responded by dangling rather than waving their handkerchiefs. At Eastham, where the Canal is entered, the assembled vessels were decorated, and presently there was a deafening co-operation of hoarse syrens. This noise, indeed, though not in such overwhelming volume, had been with us from the first, and it did not cease until the men had disembarked at Manchester. A clergyman led the crowd at Eastham in the singing of "God Save the King," after which he demanded "Three cheers for the King," and, again, "for the Queen." When these had been warmly given, both on shore and on board, one of the Indian Volunteers exclaimed, "Three cheers for the parson!" The troops cheered and cheered again, but the good parson had fled.

Many of the men could speak English, and the first inquiry they made upon coming in contact with possessors of newspapers was, "How is the King?" One of them, a strikingly intelligent man, who wished to know all there was to be told about the Canal and its bridges and locks, said it would have been a great disappointment to them if they had been obliged to return to India without seeing "their King," and added with pride that they were to be reviewed by the King on the Monday following the Coronation. The same gentleman, in the course of a conversation which touched upon the conversion of a Liverpool solicitor to Mahomedanism, was asked if Indians were ever converted to Christianity. "Yes," he replied, with a shrewd smile, "but are Englishmen?"

After Colonel Spurgin, the officer commanding the 63rd Regimental District, had received Colonel Dawson on behalf of the military, the Commanding Officer of the Indian troops was welcomed to Manchester by the Lord Mayor (Mr. Alderman Hoy) and the Reception Committee. Colonel Dawson invited the Lord Mayor to inspect the troops, who had been drawn up in lines at Pomona Docks, and this having been done a procession was formed for Belle Vue. The procession was in the following order:—Mounted Police, City Police Band, Chief Constable (mounted); carriages containing the Lord Mayor, the Reception Committee, the Town Clerk, the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the Ship Canal Company; Volunteer Band, troops, Medical Staff Corps Band, troops, Volunteer Band, troops. The procession was the most picturesque that has been seen in Manchester for a great many years, and the welcome of the people, who crowded all the streets, was hearty and spontaneous. It was noticed that there were no decorations, but even so the grave Manchester thoroughfares have rarely been so full of colour as they were last evening.

PROGRESS THROUGH THE STREETS.

Either by accident or design the troops reached the heart of the city at a moment when people were leaving business for the day. The result was the, enormous crowds lingered about the main thoroughfares, and for a couple of hours Market-street-Picadilly, and the immediate neighbourhood reminded one of occasions when Royalty visits the city. Proceeding by way of Hulme Hall Road and Chester Road, the dusky soldiers of our Indian Empire neared the Royal Exchange about half-past five o'clock. They swung round into St. Mary's Gate from Deansgate with a military precision and machine-like motion which commanded the admiration of thousands. For the time being all vehicular traffic was stopped, and it is to the credit of the police that, called upon as they were somewhat suddenly to cope with an unexpected multitude, perfect order was maintained throughout. A typical Manchester, one might almost say a Lancashire, welcome awaited the warriors, who marched stolidly along by way of Piccadilly, London Road, Downing-street, Ardwick Green, Stockport Road, and Kirkmanshulme Lane to Belle Vue Gardens. From Pomona Docks to the Gardens, a distance of four miles, there seemed to be no break in the walls of sightseers, who cheered the Indian visitors as only Lancashire people can. Arrived at Belle Vue Gardens the man partook of their own particular refreshment out of the public gaze, as is their custom, boiled rice, fruit, and soda water being their sustenance after their long march. Meanwhile the officers and a number of guests of the Lord Mayor and Corporation had dinner in another apartment. The Lord Mayor had to his right and left Colonel Dawson, C.B. in command of the troops, Major Maxwell, 6th Bengal Cavalry, Major Deane, and Captain Pennington, all belonging to the contingent; Colonel Spurgin, in command of the 63rd Regimental District Colonel Eaton, C.B., Colonel Lynde, Colonel Heywood, Mr. J. K. Bythell, Sir Bosdin Leech, Alderman Southern, Alderman Rushworth, and other members of the City Council.

After the loyal toasts, the Lord Mayor proposed "Our Guests from India." He said he had that day had one of the finest experiences of his life. He had no recollection of such a wonderful procession passing through the streets of Manchester. He could not help feeling that if the authorities had boomed the show a little more they would have had something approaching a record attendance. (Applause.) As it was, he felt that thousands would be disappointed that they had not been able to share in the day's reception. The people of Lancashire lived under grey skies, and a little colour was refreshing to them. Personally that did not remember so picturesque a sight, and he congratulated the officers in command of these fine troops on their extremely fine appearance. Apart, too, from its picturesqueness, a spectacle, this invasion of Manchester brought home once more the marvellous story of this England of ours. Manchester was an inland city not often favoured by military processions of the kind they had seen that day. True, they knew what khaki was but that day they had seen various uniforms, and he had to thank those who conceived the happy thought of bringing the troops to Manchester for allowing them the privilege of seeing something which could not fail to act as a stimulus to young and old in reading again the history of our great country. —(Applause.)

Colonel Dawson, responding, said he considered it a great honour to return thanks on behalf of the Indian contingent for the warm welcome they had received from the people of Manchester. The Lord Mayor had said it was a treat for the inhabitants to see so fine a force, but he could assure his lordship that it was a far greater pleasure to his men to receive such a greeting as they had from the vast crowds who turned out to see them.—(Apolause.) His men had often said that they would march all day long so long as the people were pleased with them and so long as they themselves felt that they were giving satisfaction. He was a soldier and not an orator, but he could assure that distinguished company that he and his brother officers were as proud of the Indian army as they were. He would take it as a great honour if the Lord Mayor would be kind enough to express in more adequate words than he could to the inhabitants of this magnificent city the pleasure it had given them to visit Manchester. The warmth and entusiasm of the welcome extended to them would never be forgotten.—(Loud applause.)

The next morning, after a presumably comfortable night spent in the tea rooms at Belle Vue Gardens, where their beds had been taken from the transport Hardinge, the troops were "called" by bugle at six o'clock. At about nine o'clock they divided into three detachments. One, under the command of Colonel Dawson, C.B. (officer commanding the contingent), visited the works of Messrs, Armstrong, Whitworth, and Co., the locomotive works of Messrs. Beyer, Peacock and Co., and, at the request of the men themselves, the works of Messrs. F. Steiner and Co. Limited, manufacturers of turkey-red goods, where they were presented with Coronation flags and handkerchiefs. Another went to the Municipal Technical School, accompanied by Major Baker. A third, under the command of Colonel Tinley, went by train to Reddish, where a visit was paid to the works of Messrs. Thomas Houldsworth and Co. and the works of the Reddish Spinning Company. The detachments were of about 200 men each. At the Technical School the visitors were received by the Lord Mayor, who was accompanied by Colonel Spurgin, commanding officer of the 63rd Regimental District, and Mr. J. H. Reynolds, Principal of the School. The streets of Reddish were prettily decorated in honour of the Indians, who were welcomed to the town at the railway station by Mr. Alderman J. Ramscar, chairman of the Stockport Watch Committee; Mr. Alderman W. Brentnall, vice chairman of the Committee; and other members of the Stockport Corporation. Everywhere the troops were greeted with the utmost heartiness, and when they were released from the restraints of discipline the men cordially responded to the cheers of the crowds. Their various uniforms and personal characteristic were noted with loudly expressed interest, and it was a common remark that so much military pomp and colour have not been seen for many years—perhaps not since the Coronation of Queen Victoria, when Manchester was fortunate in its celebration and its procession of soldiers.

After their round of visits the troops assembled in the Police Parade Ground in Albert street. Some of them had to pass through Albert Square, where, though it was just after noon, there was already a large crowd, and they had a most cordial salutation. Arrived at Albert-street, they sat down cross-legged upon boards laid on the parade ground and awaited their turn to go for their rations.

The troops were ready to proceed to Albert Square at the hour which had been fixed for their going there, but they could not start without the word of command from their European officers, and their European officers were about an hour late in coming to them. In the meantime the Indian soldiers engaged in conversation with Englishmen who were present. They are by no means the children we are sometimes led to think. Those of them who speak English generally speak it well, and the impression left upon the minds of Englishmen who have had conversation with them is that they are ready-witted and intelligently inquisitive. It is stated that one of the Indian officers proposes to write a book upon his visit to England, and in that Manchester will, no doubt, obtain some mention.

The English officers of the contingent cannot be congratulated upon the virtue of punctuality. They were late in arriving at Belle Vue Gardens in the morning, they were extremely late in coming to the luncheon which the Lord Mayor had invited them to at the Town Hall, and, as has been said, they were late in summoning the troops from the Police Parade Ground. The luncheon at the Town Hall was to have been at a quarter past one, and it was twenty minutes past two when the commanding officer of the contingent arrived. Colonel Dawson explained that he had had to lead a contingent of the troops through densely crowded streets to Albert-street, and that he had found the crowds as difficult to thread on his walk to the Town Hall. The fact was that a larger programme had been set the troops than they could carry out in the time at their disposal. Fortunately Colonel Dawson was in time to respond to the principal toast, the luncheon having begun at half-past one. There were 200 guests, who included the European officers of the contingent, local regular and volunteer officers, members of the City Council, and leading citizens. The complimentary speeches were few and brief, and they expressed the unanimous sentiment of the city—that we have all been delighted to see our brave fellow-subjects of the King, that we are all grateful for their famous deeds in battle, and that we have all admired their soldierly carriage and resplendent uniforms. The troops were an hour after time in arriving in Albert Square, and at the end the programme had to be greatly curtailed. The restoration of its colours to the 5th Battalion of the Manchester Regiment was robbed of the pomp which it had been intended should surround it by its having to be hurried forward before the troops had arrived, and the display by the Fire Brigade was brought to a peremptory close soon after it begun by the necessity the soldiers were under to get a particular train for Liverpool.

As the troops marched to the Old Victoria Station to entrain for Liverpool they had a magnificent sending off from the people, and at the station itself the Lord Mayor and Colonel Spurgin and other representative men took cordial leave of them. As the two trains containing the troops steamed out of the station, the Police Band played the National Anthem the soldiers stood in the compartments at salute, and the assembled citizens on the platform bared their heads and cheered again and again.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, Aug. 21.)

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

In continuation of Govt Notification No 692 dated the 28th Jan 1902 the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint under Sec 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898 Mr A D Little Supt of the Eastern Telegraph Co Penang to be a Special Magistrate and to invest him within the limits of the Island of Perim in the district of a M Aden with the powers of a Magistrate of the first class.

Under the provisions of Sec 22 of the said Code H E in Council is further pleased to appoint Mr A D Little to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the territories subject to the Govt of Bombay other than the Presidency Town of Bombay.

Mr L H Spence second grade Dist Supt of Police has been allowed by the Secy of State for India an extension for six days of the furlough granted to him in Govt Notification No 1555 dated the 8th March 1901 and extended by Govt Notification No 1430 dated the 26th Feb 1902. Mr L H Spence has been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Mr W W Smart I C S Asst Collector in the district of Thana is appointed under Sec 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898 to be a Magistrate of the first class in that district.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Rao Bahadur Venkatrao Dattatraya Yennemadi on the return of Mr E G L Laird-MacGregor I C S from leave to be Dist Depy Collector Dharwar.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the term of office of Lieut-Col C F Willis M D, I M S as Supt of Mahableshvar for a further period of one year.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice Khan Bahadur Bamanji Edulji Modi M A retiring:—Rao Bahadur Kashinath Balvant Pendse M A to be second grade Deputy Collector; Rao Bahadur Moroba Chintaman Joshi to be third grade Depy Collector; Rao Bahadur Jethalal Varajbhai to be fourth grade Depy Collector; and Rao Bahadur Narayen Krishna Pendse to be fifth grade Depy Collector.

Mr G Monteath I C S Asst Collector Dharwar is allowed privilege leave for two months and twenty-five days.

FAMINE DEPARTMENT.

The services of Mr R A E Castle District Supt of Police Burma which were placed temporarily at the disposal of this Govt for Famine duty are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of India in the Dept of Revenue and Agriculture.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The following appointment is made:—The Reverend H W Nelson on return from privilege leave to be Chaplain of Aden.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Mr M R Jardine B A (Oxon) Bar at-Law Perry Professor of Jurisprudence Govt Law School to be Principal and Perry Professor of the School until 11th June 1905 or during the pleasure of Government; Mr Framji Rastamji Vicaji B A LL B to be Professor Govt Law School vice Mr Dinsha Dhanjibhai Davar Bar-at-Law resigned; and Mr A K Donald Bar-at-Law to be confirmed as Professor Govt Law School.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr J D F Engel First Inspr of Factories is allowed privilege leave of absence for two months from the 1st Sept 1902 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

In modification of the orders contained in Govt Notifications No 2928 dated the 27th May 1902 and No 4291 dated the 5th Aug 1902 Mr R E Enthoven I C S, has been allowed privilege leave of absence for two months and twenty-five days in combination with special leave on urgent private affairs for three months and five days.

Lieut Col J McCloghry F R C S, I M S Civil Surgeon Karachi has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India to return to duty.

THOUGH there have been a number of railway accidents of late, there is no reason for public alarm as to the safety of Indian railways in general. There was a decrease last year of no fewer than 556 in the number of railway accidents of all kinds, and the total number killed and injured fell from 39 and 177 to 30 and 144, respectively. These figures work out, 0·017 killed per million of passengers, and 0·264 injured per million of passengers. On the home railways last year one passenger was killed for 8,461,309 passengers, not including season-ticket holders, and one in 470,848 was injured.

Mr. Edgar Wallace, who acted as correspondent for the "Daily Mail" during the latter part of the War has been informed by the authorities that he will not receive a medal and will not again be allowed to act as War correspondent. Mr Wallace has committed the crime of being a little too clever in his profession. He cabled the substance of the Vereeniging negotiation in the form of commercial intelligence, thereby enabling his newspaper come out with exclusive news, and thereby also, as it happens, putting an end to his own career in this particular line. Mr Wallace sent a number of interesting letters from South Africa and has achieved some success as a writer of Kiplingesgus verses.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS. Rheumatism, Neuralgia. It is sometimes difficult to determine which of these diseases is afflicting the sufferer, but this ignorance will not matter if Holloway's remedies be used. They alleviate and cure all muscular and nervous pains. In hereditary rheumatism, after bathing the affected parts with warm salt water, Holloway's Ointment should be well rubbed upon the spot, that it may penetrate and exert its soothing and regulating properties on the deeper vessels and nerves which are unduly excited, and cause both the pain and swelling. Holloway's treatment has the merit of removing the disease without debilitating the constitution, which was the inevitable result of the bleeding mercury and colchicum practice formerly adopted in these complaints.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

Although neither the decorations nor the illuminations which are being placed in position for the Coronation approached in number those which were made ready for the date originally fixed, it is pleasant to note the general good taste which distinguished them. This is to some extent accounted for by the greatly lessening employment of mottoes, and especially those in verse, for certain among these in earlier days touched a depth of pathos scarcely conceivable now. It would not be easy to say which was the worst among such as are preserved; but it would assuredly be difficult to beat one attempt at rhyming motto designed in honour of our late Queen. When in 1837, just a month before she came to the Throne, the Royal tradesmen illuminated in honour of her eighteenth birthday, one shop in a leading London thoroughfare was distinguished by the following gem in welcome of the Princess and her mother, the Duchess of Kent

All hail to Victoria and her glorious mama,
Who rear'd up in safety so brilliant a star?

Yet even Pope wrote:

Here, thou great Anna, whom three realms obey,
Doth sometimes counsel take, and sometimes tea

the once fashionable pronunciation of this favour to beverage making the distinct sound all the more ludicrous now.

Mistaken economy has often to be dearly paid for, and the Geneva correspondent of the "Chronicle" furnishes an amusing case in point. A party of English tourists who wished to ascend the Aiguilles rouges from Arolla thought to dispense with the services of a guide by following in the wake of another party. They reached the summit safely, it is true, but there missed those upon whom they had been depending, and then found that they could not alone make the descent. The night had perforce to be spent on the mountain-top, whence, after suffering cold and hunger, they were ultimately rescued, not by one but by six guides, which no doubt served them right. But the case once more directs attention to the silly self-sufficiency of some amateur Alpine climbers, who run all sorts of risks rather than take the ordinary and necessary precautions. Again and again have accident of the most serious character been the result of this sort of thing.

The series of earthquake shocks which have followed the volcanic eruptions in the West Indies and have been experienced in almost every part of the world, but more particularly in South Europe and on the American Continent, are particularly noticeable now in Southern California. There have been in that country no less than seventy-five fits of trembling, some of them severe. The most destructive, states the "Daily Mail" was that at the town of Los Alamos, The Presbyterian church, Wichenben's store, and every other brick building was razed, but the frame buildings generally escaped serious injury except to their windows. Not a chimney has been left standing. The shock lasted thirty seconds, and seems to have had a spiral motion Goods were hurled from the shelves of the stores and piled in the middle of the rooms; even heavy desks were tossed about. Two oil tanks were demolished, causing thousands of gallons of waste. President Wheeler, of the University of California, has advised people to quit Los Alamos as soon as possible.

The Saratoff Government newspaper publishes the following: In the village of Khovanshyn, in the Serdobk district of the Government of Saratoff, peasant disturbances have broken out, owing to false reports regarding new agrarian regulations. The district headman and magistrate were attacked and injured. Order was restored by the appearance of the Governor with troops. In the village of Vladykin the peasants demanded with threats, from the local landed proprietors, the signature of their lease contract. Order was restored on the arrival of the Governor with troops. The instigators of the disorders have been arrested.

Lord Angleesey has, with a few unimportant exceptions, recovered the valuable jewels stolen from Walsingham House Hotel on September 9 last. The "Express" states that in order to get in touch with the individual in Paris, who were in possession of some of the jewels, it was necessary to have a pseudo marquis made up to personate the real nobleman. He stayed at the Royal Hotel, in the Avenue Friedland, Paris, and met three men at a Parisian cafe, who wanted to sell the Paget pearl (worth £12,000) for £1,500. This meeting led to the arrest of the men.

Apropos of the report that a genuine Corot had changed hands recently in Paris for the absurdly low sum of 5 a Paris gentleman, who is recognised as being the greatest living authority on the work of painters of the Barbizon school, writes that little is known of the story in Paris. Had the Corot been genuine there should have been no difficulty in recognising the fact at once, and it would have been worth a very large sum indeed. The writer, however, concludes his remarks with the following paragraph: De temps en temps—et surtout pendant l'ete—certains journaux publient une nouvelle a sensation de ce genre, mais generalement sans grand fond de verite. One need not live in England, it would seem, to discover these things.

A sensational finish attended the exhibition of a captive balloon at a fete at Luton. Numerous ascents to a height of 500 feet had been made under the direction of Messrs. Spencer, and during the evening, just before nine o' clock, two gas-work employe who had been engaged filling the balloon earlier in the day were given a free trip. When within six feet of earth on the return journey the rope connecting with the cable broke, and the balloon shot up and was quickly out of sight. Captain Backett, who was in charge, immediately swarmed the rigging and released the safety-valve, and Mr, Spencer expressed confidence as to the safety of the occupants, but intense excitement prevailed in the town. After a cold journey of an hour or more the descent was attempted, but this was a matter of considerable difficulty as the aeronaut was without grappling irons and the night was very dark. Eventually the three adventurers alighted at Whitwell, near Welwyn, after being knocked about rather severely All are badly bruised, but otherwise unhurt after their unusual experience.

Mr. W. J. Ford, writing to the "Times," says: One point connected with the four test matches has not yet, as far as I know, received attention. Each side has lost fifty-two wickets in the series; but while the Australians have scored 950 runs, England has scored 1,200, leaving a majority of 250 in our favour. To be "two down" and to have lost the rubber under these conditions is rather hard, Certainly the figures seem to show that we are not so utterly inferior to our rivals as some people seem to think.

This is taken from the note-book of a Benedict: It takes a woman to wake a man up in the middle of the night to tell him to remind her in the morning of something she wants to tell him when he is awake.

This perfectly delicious specimen of "English as she is writ" is sent to the Westminster Gazette by a correspondent who found it written over a charitable nursing institution in Tuscany:—"The little fathers of the poor of St. ——— harbour all kinds of diseases, and have no respect for religion."

As a warning to intending travellers on the Continent, let me relate my own recent experiences, writes a correspondent. I breakfasted on board the steamer at half past four in the morning off Flushing. At half-past eight I breakfasted again at a station called Gennep. At ten o'clock, to my unutterable dismay, they brought me my dinner. I feebly protested, but in vain. The men pulled the covers off, showed it to me, steaming hot, planked it down in front of me, saying: "You have ordered it, you must eat it." At half-past twelve they dragged me to the dining-car, where there was another dinner waiting for me. I said, "I can't; I have eaten more dinners now than I know what to do with." A kindly official, standing by, whom I recognised as having travelled in our train with us for some way, interfered on my behalf. "This gentlemans," said he, "'ave eaten two, tree dinners." Whereupon I made my escape, covered with confusion, and feeling very much as David Copperfield must have done when the maids and waiters stared after him in wonder and admiration on account of the chops which the waiter had eaten.

There is an amazing story in the "Chronicle" of Lord Hopetoun's champagne. It is said that, as a sort of farewell, he gave 600 bottles of champagne to the poor and unemployed of Sydney and Melbourne, At the former place the wine was wisely handed to the hospitals, but at Melbourne the distribution of the 300 bottles is said to have led to a most discreditable orgie. According to one account loafers and drunkards swarmed up to the door, crying out for a dole of beer, and after two hours the crowd became so noisy and drunken that the police stepped in and advised that the distribution be stopped. This was done. Then in an hour 112 bottles of champagne were given away; but as the "deserving" people were mostly drunken men women, not one out of every ten of the recipients sober. Many of the bottles were sold, the ruling to publicans being 5s. and one "long beer." went to provide a spree for small knots of women. Finally, the proceedings were stopped. One can only hope all this is e but it might have been predicted that to champagne to all and sundry would be bo to what was discreditable.

CKET AT BARODA.

atch was at played Baroda between eeting' C. C. and 'The Chandraseais hoo' C. C. on Tuesday, and resulted for the latter by 11 wickets and 13

E. F. C. C.

		2nd Innings.	
ngs.			
nd b S K Pra-		c and b M G Parker	0
b S K Pra-	8		
	2	b S G Parker	1
S G Parker	12	c and b S K Pradhan	9
adhan	1	b S K Pradhan	2
	2	b b w b S Parker	18
S K Pra-			
	3	b S Parker	0
	1	b M Parker	1
an	1	c and b M Parker	0
b S Par-			
	2	b M Parker	1
	0	not out	
	1	b S Parker	1
	4	Extras	0
	37	Total	33

K. P. C. C.

t Innings.	
adhan	1
N L Pradhan	0
olker	6
Pradhan	2
han	5
aje	17
adhan	0
er	33
r	4
	0
aikar	0
ra	15
Total	83

LYSIS.

	2nd Innings.		
O.	M.	R.	W.
6	1	13	4
3	0	18	2
4	1	2	4
M.		R.	W.
1		29	4
0		17	5
0		4	1
0		18	0

NE.
se the Albion
dy Constance
and whitens
monials from
scountess Ex-
many others.
en buying see
hat name and
wrapper. Sold

M. A. P. IN THE GREEN ROOM.

I HAVE seen many a Betsy since Sir Francis Burnard's farce of that name was first produced in London, but none to beat and few to equal the Betsy of the merry and mercurial Miss Kitty Loftus. This charming little actress is more than merely cut out for the part. She is trimmed at the edges! Her activity (not, thank goodness, of the restless order), her inexhaustible vivacity and perky prettiness fit the part to perfection, and in her smart pink cotton dress and white frilled cap and apron she is surely the living counterpart of the saucily amorous little housemaid the author kept in his mind's eye while he worked at the now historic farce whose latest of countless homes in Wyndham's Theatre. To see Miss Kitty Loftus as Betsy is to feel perfectly certain that had she been old enough at the time she would have been selected for the original performance of the character.

But "Betsy" was probably produced at about the time that Miss Kitty Loftus, at the age of twelve, was playing Puck in a Glasgow representation of "A Midsummer Night's Dream." One evening, as Miss Loftus, in the airy and elfish costume of Puck, was running along a passage leading to her dressing-room, she was seized upon suddenly by a furious manager who boxed her ears soundly as he shouted: "This is the third time I've caught you here, you little devil!" Miss Loftus knew there must be some mistake, and mildly said: "But I'm Puck!" Whereupon the manager, repentant and confused added biting insult stinging injury by explaining that he had thought she was a certain little troublesome street urchin, who was playing one of the male fairies, and whom he had previously reproved for trespassing on forbidden ground.

Physically less painful but mentally more distressing, was the second accident which happened to Miss Loftus during her engagement as Puck at this theatre. The Flying Grigolatis, of Drury Lane pantomime, Miss Loftus's habit, in the character of Robin ...llow, to make several excursions into midair on ...s of two wires, and one night, while the little ...s suspended in a flying attitude about twenty-...t from the stage, a wire snapped, and left Miss ... dangling sideways like an intoxicated mario... the remaining one. It naturally occurred ...ung actress, while in this exalted but un-...osition in the dramatic profession, that if ...as too heavy for a couple of wires, the ...he one remaining wire giving way were ...ud so she held her breath and remained ...t for fear of putting any extra strain on ... support! Finally, with sheets held ...s Loftus was lowered cautiously to the ...though, as I have said, she suffered no ...agony of suspense (as she wittily

Although Miss Kitty Loftus is one of the most enthusiastic of motorists, on as well as off the stage (for in the musical play, "Naughty Nancy"—for which naughtier "Betsy" has secured the Savoy Theatre, on the termination of the run of "Merrie England"—she will introduce two Argyll motor cars, and drive one of them), horses as a means of holiday or sporting locomotion have in her time appealed to her. It was her custom not so very long ago, when touring, to hire some sort of a saddle-horse in every town; and in one place her experience in this way was of a notable kind. She was riding with a gentleman in Dublin when she discovered that the horses they had hired were such great friends that they refused to work apart, and jogged along side by side as in if double harness. When they reached Phœnix Park the gentleman managed, by the exercise of a few persuasive actions which have long been associated with the ethics of equestrianism, to bustle the quadruped he was riding into a fairly decent canter; but Miss Loftus's horse, which was not carrying comradeship to the absurd length of cantering when it wanted to trot, looked out for another horse that was going comfortably along, and went and trotted beside that. To ...e Loftus's confusion the saddle of her horse's new ...uaintance was occupied by a young gentleman who ... an entire stranger to her.

They jogged along in silence for some minutes, he looking utterly bewildered over the strange business, and she feeling hopelessly at a loss to know what to say. Naturally, as a young woman, she didn't wish to say anything that would amount to the admission that the fault was her own; and, naturally, as a young man, he didn't care a straw whose fault it was so long as Miss Loftus rode beside him. At last Miss Loftus said, in a tone which would have conveyed to a third party the impression that the stranger's horse had followed hers, "Don't you think you had better tie your horse to a tree, and walk mine away for me"! The stranger dismounted, fastened up his horse, led the actress' affectionate animal about an eighth of a mile onwards and went back. But in the exercise of its eccentric, temper, Miss Loftus's horse had not "knocked off" for the day. Finding itself deserted by its new friend, it went in rapid search of the horse it had come out with, and went about this fresh move in such a reckless manner that its unfortunate rider was soon hit across the face with the branch of a tree, and knocked heavily to the ground. It may be that all this accounts for Miss Kitty Loftus having taken to motoring so keenly.

Many and various and mostly weird are the reasons given by servants for wanting a change of place. Here is a tale told by Mr. George Grossmith, which adds a rare and wondrous instance to the long and eccentric list. His butler, who had been with him for nearly twenty years, went to him one day and said, "If you please, sir, I want to leave". Mr. Grossmith was sorry, and asked the man his reason. "I would rather not say, sir," was the mysterious reply. This was uncomfortable, and Mr. Grossmith pressed the question again "Come," he said, "you have been with me so long, and have never complained before. Surely I almost have a right to know why you wish to leave. Your secrecy is unpleasant, and I must really beg of you to tell me your reason for leaving my service." The butler thought a moment, and then said: "Well, sir, as you insist, I must tell you. But I dont want to. (A pause.) The fact is, sir, I've been with you now for close upon twenty years, and I'm sick of the sight of you and all your family!"

This leaves Mrs. George Grossmith in an awkward position where the matter of giving a character is concerned. She will speak most highly of her late butler's services; of course, because he was a very excellent servant but the man's next employer is sure to want to know why he is leaving the Grossmith household, and Mr. Grossmith does not quite see why his good wife should be called upon to go through some such painful recital as the following: "He is a most valuable butler, and knows his busines thoroughly, and is leaving us because he is sick of the sight of my husband and all his family!"

If ever I were to become important enough to be asked by an interviewer to name the actress who as "the good heroine" had most often brought my play-hardened eyes to the verge of tears, I would say without hesitation, "Kate Rorke." And I know there are many men, and many women, too, who would make the same answer; even as I know Miss Kate Rorke, one of the dearest and noblest of her sex, will bave their heartiest good wishes when she launches out once more—as she intends going in September—into the uncertain seas of management. Miss Rorke's repertoire for her autumn tour consists of four plays—"The Squire" by A. W. Pinero; "A Fool's Paradise," by Sydney Grundy; "When Woman Strays," by Arthur Bertram and Gordon Holmes, the former of whom will act as her business manager, and "Honours Divided," by Fergus Hume who is remembered more by his "Mystery of a Hansom Cab," than by any other of the numerous books to which the success of that harrowing tale gave birth

A noted dramatic critic has aptly said of Miss Kate Rorke that she has ever illustrated all that we love best in our mothers, our sisters, and our wives. The truth of this appreciation has been testified to in many ways, but in none more strongly than in that which forms the material of the following little story. Last year, when she had "A Fool's Paradise" on tour, she abandoned her original part one night, and played the wicked wife, who is discovered by Dr. Quayle to be slowly poisoning her husband, while attending upon him as assistant nurse. The audience could not bear to see their dear Kate Rorke, with her gentle eyes and beautiful voice, creeping about the stage as the villainous poisoner; they regarded the play almost as some horrible libel upon an angelic personality they had learned to love; and on the following day, the tender, emotional, refined actress and woman was the recipient of a letter, signed by thirty ladies and gentlemen who were staying at a boarding house in the town where "A Fool's Paradise" was being given, begging her never to play bad ...men again, as they loved her so as the good ...ine!

...ARIS telegram alleges that the Customs ...es at New York have decided to confiscate a ...lace valued at £2,500, brought by a wealthy ...lady from Paris. It is alleged that the ...vonced to smuggle it in order to avoid the

LEGISLATORS AND AUSTRALIANS.

CRICKETING REMINISCENCES.

IT was rumoured many years ago that on the occasion of that grand cricketer, Mr. A. N. Hornby, being put up for Parliament, that having learned his first speech off by heart in three days, on the night when he should have delivered it he only rose to his feet to announce the fact that he had decided not to stand. Had Mr. Hornby stood there is no doubt that he would have been the doyen of those of our legislators who have faced the attack of the invader, for there is not the slightest doubt that he would have got in for any constituency in Lancashire that he stood for, quite irrespective of his or its political creed. As Mr. Hornby is a legislator in a cricketing sense only, the Hon. Alfred Lyttelton, the member for Warwick and Leamington, is the first Parliamentarian to engage the Australians in friendly strife, the date of the encounter being June 17, 1878, and, the venue Prince's Club. The member for Warwick, who was twenty-one years of age when the first of the Australian teams to visit us came over and most effectively startled the natives, had already represented Cambridge University (in the cricket field) and the Gentlemen of England for two years. The most extraordinary feature of this match, which was won by the Gentlemen of England, for whom Mr. A. G. Steel (now the eminent K.C.) captured eleven wickets for 72 runs, by an innings and one run, was perhaps the fact that although twenty Australian wickets fell, only three wickets were bowled down. The Hon. Alfred Lyttelton, who effected one catch, scored sixteen runs, which score was considerably above the average, as can be gathered from the fact that only 131 runs were compiled from the bat. At the close of the tour the member for Warwick was fourth in the batting averages against the Australians, his five innings realising 155 runs which was the highest aggregate scored by an Englishman against this team. Later in the tour, when the Australians were defeated by Cambridge University, for whom the aforementioned batsman scored 72, they met yet another of our coming legislators in the Hon. Ivo Bligh (the present Earl of Darnley), who, it will be recalled, took out a very strong team to Australia in 1882-83. The Hon. Ivo Bligh, who was 19 years of age when he first faced the Australian attack, was still a Freshman at this date, and had indeed played for Eton the year before, but his comparative inexperience of first-class cricket did not prevent him compiling 21 runs in 25 minutes off the attack of Spofforth, Boyle, Horan, Garrett, and Allan.

Lord Harris, the third of our legislators to play the Australians, did not meet the team of 1878, but captained the team of eleven gentlemen and two players (Ulyett and Emmett) that visited Australia at the end of the same years. The only match of this tour that can be regarded as a test fixture was the first eleven a-side match played, namely against Gregory's Australian team, and this resulted in the defeat of the visitors, but through no fault, however, of the representative of the House of Harris, who was seen at his best. When the Englishmen went in to bat they lost one wicket for no runs, two for six, three for ten, four for fourteen, and twelve runs being added, the fifth, sixth, and seventh wickets fell with 36 runs on the board, Spofforth performing the "hat trick." At this point, when England's hopes were never at a lower ebb, Lord Harris, who scored 33, was joined by another man of Kent, Mr. C. A. Absolom, who compiled 52, and these two players raised the score to 89 before the captain was bowled. In the second innings Lord Harris was top scorer with 36, and at the close of the tour his average and aggregate was only excelled so far as eleven a-side matches were concerned by George Ulyett.

The next of our legislators to play the Australians was Lord Curzon (now fourth Earl Howe), who, prior to his succession to the earldom, represented (1885-1900) the Southern Division of Buckinghamshire in the House. Lord Curzon's appearance in the Leicestershire XI. against the Australian team of 1882 took place two years after he had represented Eton against Harrow He scored 2 and 0 and was clean bowled by Spofforth in the first and Palmer in the second innings. The match was chiefly remarkable for the fact that Parnham for Leicester captured 15 wickets in the match for 129 runs, a feat that obtained for him a collection on the ground that realised £8.

A few days after Lord Curzon's debut against the Australians the present Yorkshire captain, who was then the Hon. M. B. Hawke and had not at that time attained his twenty-second birthday, played against them for the first time at Dewsbury and put together scores of eight and 26 not out in a match whose most noteworthy feature was an innings of 61 out of 79 made while he was in by Ephraim Lockwood. In the following match that saw Bannerman batting and hour for three runs and Emmett dismissing the last five Australians for three runs, Lord Hawke scored two and 27, the latter display, remarkable for the nerve and pluck he showed, being the top score for his side. The third match in succession between Australia and Yorkshire, which was remarkable for the fact that Lockwood was dismissed for the fourth time in one week by the Australians without scoring, saw the Yorkshire captain scoring two and 30. Altogether that season Lord Hawke played seven completed innings against the Australians with an average of 20.

In 1884, when Murdoch's third team was touring in this country, the present member for Hanley, Mr. A. H Heath made his first appearance against the Antipodeans as a member of the eleven of England that suffered defeat by four wickets at Birmingham The member for Hanley, who played for Oxford in the Inter-'Varsity fixtures of 1876 '77, '78, and '79 and was only once on the winning side, scored two and four in a match that is remarkable for the fact that it was played out in four hours of actual cricket, on a wicket that was almost bare of grass and had been too freely watered. Thirty-six wickets fell for 197 runs in this match, and of these three batsmen scored 80. In the second innings the England XI. were dismissed for 26 in 67 balls; and in 35 deliveries, of which only two were scored from Mr. Spofforth dismissed seven batsmen for three runs!

Scott's team of 1886 served to introduce the present member for the Heywood division of Lancashire to Antipodean cricket, and his introduction was not of the pleasantest, for the day after he had attained his twentieth birthday, Mr G. Kemp was bowled by George Giffen for a paltry three when representing his university, Cambridge A few days later, however, when playing at the Oval for the Gentlemen of England, Mr. Kemp gave the Australians a real taste of his quality by putting together a grand first innings of 83.

Inglorious as was the debut of Mr. Kemp against the Antipodeans that of the present member of the Sevenoaks Division of Kent, Mr. H. W. Forster, whose first appearance against the Australians in 1888 synchronised with that of Lord George Scott, and whose scores coincided, made an even worse display, for he had two innings, and his aggregate amounted to but one run, and his side, Oxford University, suffered defeat by an innings and 19 runs. When the next Australian team visited us, Mr Forster was in much finer form, for he not only captured five of their wickets for 52 runs on one occasion, but scored 37 and 39 in the same match.

The last member of the House of Peers to take up the bat against the touring teams from beneath the Southern Cross was Earl De La Warr, who had the satisfaction of being on the winning side, though his score was but a single when his eleven played the Australians' team of 1896 at Bexhill. The match was chiefly remarkable for the fine bowling of J. T. Hearne and Faugher, who bowled throughout the game without a change, and a superb innings by Mr. J Douglas, who scored 68 runs in a masterly manner.

Those enthusiastic cricketers, Messrs. W. Bromley-Davenport (Macclesfield Division of Cheshire) P. M. Thornton (Clapham), and Arthur Priestley (Grantham Division) did not, we believe, play against any of the Australian elevens; at all events not in eleven a-side matches.

A NEW time fuse and a new high explosive are the latest inventions reported from America. A small quantity of the explosive is said to be of greater strength than a much larger amount of any other explosive, and the special feature of the fuse is said to be that it does not explode its shell until the penetrative power of the projectile has been exhausted. Loaded with this new explosive, and equipped with this fuse, a shell fired from a 12in. gun is reported to have penetrated 14in. of Krupp armour before detonating.

DREYFUS has been compelled to come forward again by allegations made against him of having sold intelligence to Russia. General de Galliffet, he says, had declared that he (Dreyfus) never had any relations with Germany, but someone had told him that Dreyfus had been in the service of Russia. In a letter to the "Radical" Dreyfus says the whole story of his relations with Russia is "an abominable lie." "The day will come, he says, "when a startling "fait nouveau" will finally permit me to obtain legal revision and to see that my legal honour be restored to me. But meanwhile help me to have done with this stupid legend which is skulking in the shadow." The "Times" Paris correspondent states that Colonel Picquart has been awarded 20,000fr. damages for the libel in the "Echo de Paris," while M. Reinach has been awarded the nominal damages of 1fr. claimed by him. Both judgments are to be advertised at the expense of the defendant.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE.

Imparts an added flavour to all Meats, Game, Fish, Soups, &c.

None genuine without the Signature of Lea & Perrins in white across the red label.

THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE.

The HOUSE of COMMONS—AN IRISHMAN'S PROTEST.

TO ENGLISHMEN, SCOTCHMEN, IRISHMEN, and OUR COLONIES.

AN IRISHMAN'S ELOQUENT PROTEST.—Richard Lalor Shiel once startled the House of Commons and the country when the word "alien" was applied to him as an Irishman. "On the field of Waterloo" he exclaimed, "the blood of Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen flowed in the same stream and drenched the same sod—when the cold grey morning dawned they lay stiff and stark together; in the same trench their bodies were laid; the green corn of spring bursts even now from their commingled dust; the dew falls from heaven upon their union in the grave. Partakers in every peril, are we not to be partakers in glory? Are we to be told we are aliens from that noble country for whose salvation our life blood was poured?" The effect of the speech both inside and outside the House was electrical.

THE MORAL.

"I need not be missed if another succeed me;
To reap down those fields which in spring I have sown.
He who ploughed and who sowed is not missed by the reaper,
He is only remembered by what he has done."

The misery of Life is immensely increased in these days of Fevers if you miss such a single precaution as Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture and Pills.

Most powerful remedies for Malarious, Intermittent, Bilious Fevers, Influenza and Mild form of Plague.

Equally useful to Men, Women, and Children of all ages.

Guaranteed not to contain Aconite, Antimony, Arsenic, Mercury, Opium, Strychnia or any poisonous salts.

Why be miserable? Why not be wise instead?

Take the right remedy at the right time, and get rid of that nasty fever, by using Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS; REMIDIES FOR MALARIAL FEVERS and INFLUENZA. Surg.-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg.-Maj. Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Free Masonary in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. Very Rev. B. Fernand Vicar de Vara:—It is most efficacious. G. S. Risti, Esq., Lic. of Civ. Engr.:—It is a safe and immediate remedy. P. J. Daily, Esq., Chief Guard, S. M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold Drops.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS, & BATLIWALLA & Co.'s CHOLERAL (specific for Cholera) may be had from Treacher & Co., Kemp & Co., Phillips & Co., Beynon & Co., &c., &c., &c., or from the Sole Manufacturer, Dr. H. L. Batliwalla, Worli, Dadar, Bombay, at Re. 1 per Bottle.

DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

ST. JACOBS OIL

Has cured promptly and permanently RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, BACKACHE, SCIATICA—pronounced incurable. Also the worst forms of SPRAINS, BRUISES.

CONQUERS PAIN.

PRICE 1/1½ and 2/6.

SANTAL MIDY

These tiny Capsules—superior to Copaiba, Cubebs, and Injections—cure the same diseases as these drugs in forty-eight hours without inconvenience.

Each Capsule bears the name MIDY

CURE FOR ASTHMA
GRIMAULT'S
INDIAN CIGARETTES

For Asthmatic people who suffer from OPPRESSION in breathing, HOARSENESS, and BRONCHITIS, INSOMNIA, and DIFFICULTY in EXPECTORATION.

Grimault's Cigarettes render the respiration easier, cut short the paroxysms, and remove the feeling of tightness across the chest.

GRIMAULT & Co, PARIS
Sold by all Chemists.

Milkmaid BRAND Milk

As a guarantee of Quality, see the MILKMAID on every Tin.

LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

TRADE MARK.

A Medicine of Medicines

R. Laugin & Co.'s

HEALING BALM

OR

An ever efficacious specific for all Urethra discharges.

A single dose of Healing Balm will arrest the progress of all Genital urinary disorders.

In a day Healing Balm will take away the sting of the disease.

In a week Healing Balm will bring the patient completely round.

An infallible specific and sovereign remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, &c., and their evil consequences such as Involuntary and putrid discharge, Running, white Spermatorrhœa, Urithritis, Cystitis obstruction of Urination, Scanty Urine, emission of thready matter during urination, muddy colour of the urine, thinness of semen, harassing dreams, loss of memory, loss of retention, premature decay or deficiency of manhood, cheerlessness, constipation of the bowels, &c.

Healing Balm effectually kills the germ of the disease known as Goncocci and therefore a radical cure is quickly and cheaply effected by it.

Its efficacy is tested, admitted and applauded by physicians of ripe experience and world-wide reputation, copies of a few of the many certificates are published below:—

1. Dr. K. P. Gupta, Col., I. M. S., M. A., M. D., F. R. C. S., (Edin.) S. Sc. degree (Cambridge) P.H.D. (Cantab), Late Sanitary Commissioner, Bengal, says:—* * * Healing Balm is almost a specific for Gonorrhœa and may be safely and strongly recommended for that troublesome and obstinate disease.

2. Dr. B. K. Bose, I. M. S., Surgeon-Major, M. D., says:—* * * I have tried Healing Balm in cases of acute Gonorrhœa with success. * *

3. Dr. U. Gupta, M.D., M. C. (Edin.), F. C. S. (London), says:—* * * I tried R. Laugin Co.'s Healing Balm and found it really a very excellent medicine for both chronic and acute Gonorrhœa. * *

4. Dr. G. C. Bez Borua, L. R. C. P. (Edin.), L.F.P. & L. M. (Glasgow), &c., says:—* * I tried Healing Balm. It is a splendid remedy for the diseases of Genito urinary tract and it acts like a charm. * *

5. Dr. R. G. Kar, L. R. C. P. (Edin.), Secretary, Calcutta Medical School, &c., says:—* * * Healing Balm has given me immense satisfaction in cases of Gonorrhœa. * *

6. Dr. R. G. Fermie, L. R. C. P. & S., (Edin.), says:—* * I used Healing Balm for Gonorrhœa for a number of patients and found it very efficacious. * *

Price . 2 oz. phial Rs. 2-8
" 1 oz. phial Re.1-12
Packing and postage, &c., extra.

LORENZO OR INDIAN FEVER PILL.

Best remedy for all sorts of chronic, malarial and Jangli fevers accompanied with enlarged spleen and liver.

PRICE:
Large phial of 21 pills Rs. 1-8
Small phial of 12 pills " 1-0
Packing and postage, &c., extra.

R. LAUGIN & CO.,
(CHEMISTS.)
THE NEW STAR MEDICAL HALL,
76, Cornwallis Street,
CALCUTTA.

THE

BOMBAY

MADRAS-
CALCUTT
KARACHI-
CALICUT—

EDI
PHONO
AGEN

EDISON'S
E

Largest
Write for M

SA

TONIC, RE

Known throughout ... and Convalescence, ... climates. DOS

Each bottle of genuin... trade-mark:
(1) The WARRANTY STA...
(2) A METAL SEAL adve...

CLETE

SPENCER & Co., Sole
PREPARED

DR.
KNIGHT
K
LIGHT-

THE PUREST. T

Incontestab...
The only Coo...
CONSUMPTION ...
GENERAL DE...
OF CHILD...

SELE...
DR. ...
Lectures on ...
"Dr. DE JONG...
contains the whole ...
and is easily di...
Diseases of the ...
of cases to whi...

D...
Physicians to ...
"I have long ... by the LIGHT... medical practi... mended it with... in stating my ... a good and ef... disagreeable, ... found Dr. DE... Chronic Cou... complicated ...

Dr. DE ...
Half-Pint...
DE JONG...
HARFOR...

ANSAR

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

BEST QUALITY ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.

THE BEST THAT ENGLAND CAN PRODUCE.

WILL LAST A LIFE-TIME.

Cake Dish, Rs. 33.

Engraved 13 inch Waiter, Rs. 22.

Butter Dish and Knife, Rs. 12.

Fruit Dish, Gilt inside, Rs. 20.

Butter Dish and Knife, Rs. 11.

The "Original" Tantalus, Polished Oak, nickel mounts, patent lock, from Rs. 52.

Oil and Vinegar, Rs. 28.

Cruet, Rs. 22.

Egg Boiler, Rs. 24.

Bottle Cruet Frame, Rs. 28
" " " 20

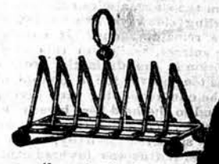
Handsomely Chased Fruit Dish, Rs. 44.

Preserve Stand, Rs. 20.

6 Bottle Cruet Frame, Rs. 25.

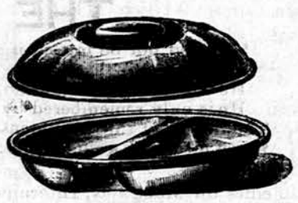
Preserved Stand and Spoon, Rs. 14.

Pepper, Rs. 3.



Toast Rack, Rs.

11 inch Entree Dish, Rs. 33.



Round Vegetable Dish and Cover, Rs. 32.

11 inch Entree Dish, Rs. 40.

Biscuit, Butter and Cheese Tray, Rs. 28.

Salt Cellar, Rs. 4.

Pickle Frame, Rs. 16.

Ice Pail, Rs. 16.

½ Pint, Rs. 20
¾ " " 24
1 " " 29
1¼ " " 38

½ Pint, Rs. 14
¾ " " 18
1 " " 21
1¼ " " 29

Pepper, Rs. 2-8.

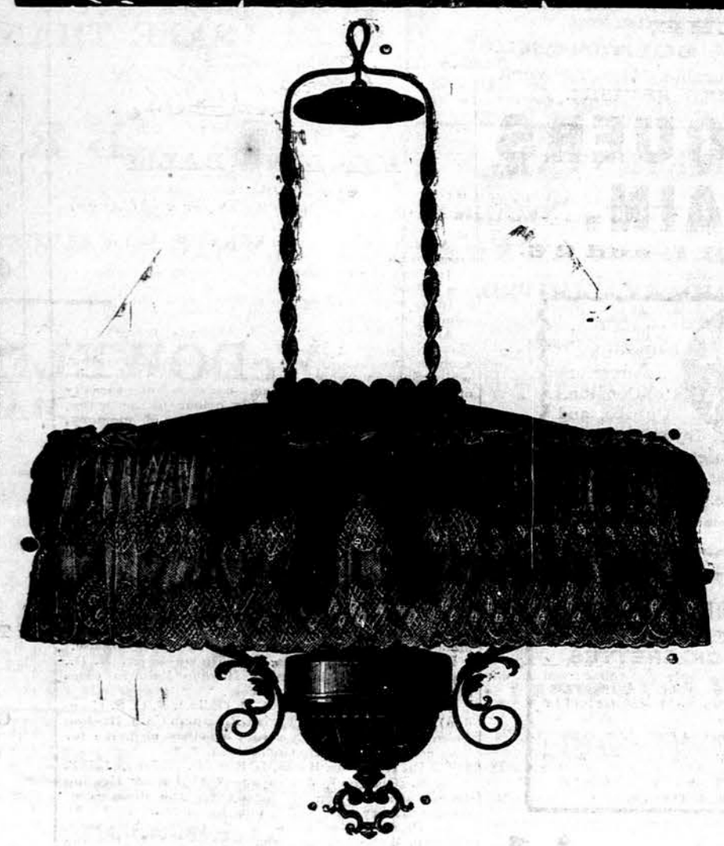
Ice Pail, Rs. 10.

Spirit Bottle, Rs. 5-8.

MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LD.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS.

BOMBAY & POONA.



LAMPS! LAMPS! LAMPS!

R. DITMAR, BOMBAY.

LATEST AND MOST IMPROVED

STORM AND PUNKAHPROOF

HANGING LAMPS,

WALL LAMPS,

TABLE LAMPS,

CANDLESTICKS AND

ALL KINDS OF LANTERNS.

In the newest designs, guaranteed perfectly reliable, and much superior than "ANY OTHER LAMPS" imported to India?

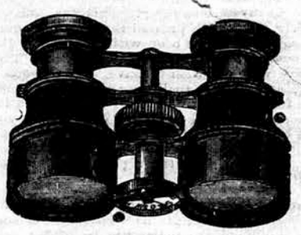
ELECTRIC LIGHT LAMPS ON VIEW!

Electro-plated Household Articles, Majolica Ware, Tea Kettles, Russian Coffee Machines and Glass Vases also kept in Stock!

CELEBRATED.

"LYNX"

POCKET FIELD GLASSES.



Rs. 25.

WITH SOLID LEATHER SLING CASE

These widely-known Binocular Field and Race Glasses are achromatic, and in finish, power, and sharpness of definition excel those of all other makers at the same price. A quantity of cheap showy rubbish is sent out to India, and doubtless finds a market, but the "Lynx" is a good useful Glass, and measures only 4-7/8 inches by 2¾ inches.

LAWRENCE & MAYO.

OFFICES IN INDIA.

CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS.

HEAD OFFICES:

67 and 69, Chancery Lane, London.

Pnoric List of Scientific Instruments free on applicatio

NOTICES.

A PIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies

A French Remedy for all Irregularties,

Supersed in Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Penny royal, &c

Obtainable from BEYNON & Co., Bombay and Poona, and all Chemists,

Proprietors:—

MARTIN, Pharm. Chem st, SOUTHAMPTON ENG

DINNEFORD'S

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

MAGNESIA

WE SHIP ON APPROVAL and guarantee safe delivery. Highest Grade Cycles. Fully Warranted. Latest Models £2.10 to £4.10 Dunlop Tyres, Steel or Wood Rims, Free Wheels, Mud Guards and Brakes.

TYRES, ACCESSORIES, Sporting Goods and Sewing Machines Half Usual Prices.

LOWEST FREIGHT RATES to all parts of the World. Write for Catalogues using sufficient foreign postage. Address Dept. 228 C.

Mead Cycle Co. CHICAGO, U.S.A.

Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at t " Bombay, Gazette Offices at No. 18, Esplanade Road, Fo Bombay, and printed at the Steam Press and Jobb Office, Armenian Lane, Rampart Row, Fort.

AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co.: 30, hill, E. C.; Messrs. D. J. KEYMER & Co.: 1, White Street London, E. C.; Messrs. WILLIAM J. KE & Co., 66, Fenchurch Street, London. E. C.—Paris GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli. CUTTA Messrs. THACKER SPINK, & Co.; K